

## CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Oldest and Strongest Bank in Western Washtenaw County.

Capital and Surplus, - \$100,000.00

Guarantee Fund, - - - \$160,000.00

Total Resources, - \$700,000.00

Money to Loan on Good Approved Security.

This Bank is under State Control; has abundant capital and a large Surplus Fund, and does a General Banking Business.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

We Draw Drafts Payable in Gold in Any City in the World.

Make collections at reasonable rates in any banking town in the country.

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL BUSINESS ENTRUSTED TO US.

Deposits in the Savings Department draw three per cent. interest which is paid or credited to account on January 1st or July 1st.

Safety Deposit Vaults of the best modern construction. Absolutely Fire and Burglar Proof.

Boxes to rent from \$1.00 to \$5.00 per year.

Your Business Solicited.

### DIRECTORS.

W. J. KNAPP, F. P. GLAZIER, JOHN W. SCHENK,  
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FRANK P. GLAZIER, President. W. J. KNAPP, Vice President.  
THEO. E. WOOD, Cashier. P. G. SCHAEFER, Assistant Cashier.  
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## BANK DRUG STORE.

She's a Pretty  
Strong Minded Woman

Who will resist the temptation to indulge her fancy in some of our present offerings.

Perfumes at 10c, 20c, 40c per ounce. These are not old stale stock, but are fragrant, lasting perfumes, guaranteed to give satisfaction. Your money back if they do not.

Tooth Brushes. The best made at 25c each. We give a new brush for every one that "goes wrong" after being sold here. We also sell good ones at 10c each.

Roger & Gallet Perfumes and Toilet Powders, Soaps, etc., at lowest prices.

Mennen's Violet Talcum Powder, 18c package.

Pear's Violet Talcum Powder, 20c package.

Whisk Brooms, fine stock, good size, well made, 10c each.

Ext. Witch Hazel, double distilled, pint 30c.

1000 Cakes Fancy Toilet Soap, 3c Cake.

A complete line of Manicure goods. Flexible steel nail files, Manicure scissors.

Orange Wood Sticks, Chamois Skin Buffers, etc., our prices the lowest.

Swimming Caps, pure rubber, very convenient, 50c. Water Wings, just the thing for children learning to swim, 35c, all colors.

Ladies' Gold Watches, Fob Chains, Neck Chains, Hat Pins, Collar Pins, Waist-Sets, etc., all new styles, new goods, and new prices.

Look at Our Window for a few suggestions from our Bargain Department, second floor.

3 gross assorted Salts and Peppers at 10c each. They look like 25c ones.

Something new in Hasburg China. One piece or a full set.

Large Glass Berry Nappies, 10c each.

Decorated Dinner Sets, 100 pieces, \$6.50.

Fresh Roasted Peanuts, 10c pound.

Fancy Messina Lemons, 25c dozen.

17 pounds fine Granulated Sugar, \$1.00.

THE BANK DRUG STORE.  
L. T. FREEMAN

## THE HONORED NAVAL HERO

JOHN PAUL JONES.

Dr. Charles O. Rielly, a Native of This Community Contributes an Able Sketch of the Commodore.

The transferring to this country of the remains of Paul Jones and the demonstrations attending the same cannot but awaken interest in American readers. The propriety of this transaction has been painfully instanced to me on occasion of this, my last visit to my native place, when a gentleman, an American of liberal education, told me he had never heard of Paul Jones. It may be information then if we sketch in brief the career of this remarkable man whose memory is held in adoration by all Americans and whose name is exalted by all Englishmen. To acquaint them, let us say in the first place that his name was not Jones at all, but John Paul. He was born on the Fifth of Forth in Scotland; went to sea at the age of twelve years and at the age of eighteen was made captain of an English merchantman sailing out of Whitehead. He took the name of Jones when he came to this country, and did so intentionally, for naturally a feudalist-born under the feudal system—and educated in the merchant marine which at that time differentiated but little from the regular naval service. He was a worshipper of aristocracy and when he came to this country and turned republican he said he meant to turn entirely and took the name of Jones, because he considered it the most vulgar in the English nomenclature. The details of his career can be traced in the American and Encyclopedia Britannica. He was the first man to fly the Stars and Stripes at sea, and the arms of the Washington family, originally a gridiron, which was a new sign on the waters and was frequently mistaken for a pirate, as was he, makes a good subject upon which he was very sensitive, as he was a regularly commissioned United States officer, although it must be admitted that his methods savor somewhat of a seaman bearing letter of marque. His first cruise was in command of a ship called "The Ranger," and the following lines set to a sailor's ditty on the subject of this famous cruise have been contributed to The Standard by Dr. Charles O. Rielly:

He cleared the port of Baltimore and spread his canvas wide  
Adown the bay with falcon wing his ship was seen to glide—  
"Now blow, ye favoring western winds, and guide ye Heavenly stars,  
I'm across the briny ocean wi' my jolly roving tars."

Old Albion beheld aghast the stranger drawing near,  
Along her coast a living ghost he sped dispensing fear;  
There he's old Aaron's flag of green and there he stars and bars,  
And this be Robin rover with his bloody roving tars.

He called for the long boat to row him to the land,  
And as the sailors rowed the boat he waved his armed hand.  
"Stand to, ye men o' White Haven, for bullets, blood and scars,  
I have crossed the stormy ocean wi' my jolly roving tars."

His cannon blazed from left to right his bullets fell like rain,  
He sacked their towns to ashes and he wrapped their fleets in flame;  
Then adieu, ye ports of Albion renowned in ancient wars,  
I have ye fond remembrance of my jolly roving tars.

He called for the long boat to row him from the shore,  
"I'll go and see my uncle's ship is safe in port once more."  
Then farewell ye band of Auld England far-famed for foreign wars,  
And across the briny ocean with his jolly roving tars.

Then drink we all to Captain Paul, hip, hip, and three times three,  
To his gallant tars, the Stripes and Stars and the land of liberty;  
For long will British hearts be sore and Britons bear the scars  
Laid on by Robin Rover and his jolly roving tars.

### IDENTIFICATION CERTAIN.

Gen. Horace Porter Spent Six Years in Searching for the Body of John Paul Jones an American Naval Commander.

Gen. Horace Porter, retiring ambassador to France, who has just arrived in New York City, after an absence of eight years abroad, discussing the finding of the body of John Paul Jones after a six-year search, said: "When in the presence of anthropologists and surgeons of note, the coffin was opened words cannot express our surprise at the remarkable state of preservation the body was in. Clothed in a winding sheet of linen, the arrangement of the coffin tallied exactly with the historical documents that told of the careful preparation to ship the body to the United States, as was the first idea. There was a tin foil over the hands and face, and the interior of the coffin was filled with hay and straw so the body could not roll in the long and necessarily rough voyage at that time in a sailing vessel. "Together with the documents, we had the Houdon bust with which to compare the head, and so carefully was

this done by the examining savants that a mole on the left ear was discovered by one, and immediately upon examining the bust the same physical mark was found.

"In all the measurements there was not a variance of two millimeters; that is, seventy-eight thousandths of an inch. If all of this is remarkable, the autopsy by the eminent Dr. Capitan of Paris is more so. Think of an autopsy being performed on the body of a man who died 113 years before. We know that John Paul Jones had an attack of bronchial pneumonia in Russia a year before he died in France.

"The autopsy showed the presence of the disease in the left lung, which the French physicians long before had recorded as out of service. The autopsy further showed, as history stated, that John Paul Jones died of chronic nephritis, and plainly showed the dropsical condition of the patient before his death.

"The naval hero was somewhat of a dandy, you know, and on the body was a fine linen shirt, the bosom of which was laid with ruffles and plaits. His clothing bore the initial 'J.'"

### COUNTY IS NOT LIABLE.

Fumigation Bills Should Be Turned Down.—This Work Is Regular Duty of Board of Health Officer.

"The county is not liable for bills for fumigating in cases of small-pox," said Prosecuting Attorney A. J. Sawyer, jr., for fumigation comes in the line of a health officer's regular duties. The bills that are before the county board of auditors therefore for fumigation should not be allowed.

"The law states that the cities and townships are liable for the ordinary expense of caring for contagious disease patients, such as keeping them in a pest house, and the cities and townships must appoint a health officer who receives \$2 per day for his work. In case of a special epidemic of a contagious disease, however, the health officer is entitled to extra compensation from the county.

"The bills now before the board, with the exception of claims for fumigation, in my opinion must be allowed by the board. If the board wrote to the attorney general or anyone else and has secured advice which will lead them to act differently than I have expressed myself in the opinion I recently gave them, they need not expect me to defend them if they get into a law suit, for I won't do it."—Ann Arbor Argus.

### TEACHERS' BEING PLACED.

The county school commissioner's office is a busy place these days, while the work of placing the teachers for the coming year is going on. There has been something of a change in the methods of securing a teacher for the district schools during the past few years and instead of the various school boards hiring any teacher who applied, which was formerly the custom, the directors request the county commissioner to send them a teacher who will be satisfactory. This change has been especially noticeable in Washtenaw county and each year it seems to be more in favor. So far it has proved decidedly satisfactory alike to the school boards, teachers and school commissioner. It is a decided improvement in various ways. The commissioner is acquainted with the needs of the school and knows the teachers who will be best qualified to meet the demands which will be made upon him or her, and in many ways better fitted to select a teacher who will give satisfaction. It saves the teachers considerable expense and no small amount of humiliation in going around and making applications where there is no chance of their being employed and the school boards are saved the time and trouble of deciding between several applicants.—Times.

### INJURES THEIR BUSINESS.

An important feature of the Michigan game law passed by the last legislature is that it absolutely prohibits the sale of plumage of non-game birds. This will hit milliners who have been using bird feathers and skins for trimming women's hats. The law recites what shall be considered as game birds, such as quail, partridge and others, and then says:

"No person within the state of Michigan shall kill, catch, or have in his or her possession any resident or migratory wild non-game bird, living or dead, or purchase, offer, or expose for sale any such wild non-game bird after it has been killed or caught, and no part of the plumage, skin or body of any non-game bird protected by this act shall be sold or had in possession for sale, and this irrespective of whether said bird was killed or captured in or out of this state."

Chief Howe of the state agricultural department takes an optimistic view of the wet conditions in the Michigan farming districts and believes that there will not be a very great loss outside the low land districts. It has rained nearly every day during July throughout the state, fields are flooded, and it is impossible to harvest hay, even if it has been cut. The ground is also too wet to permit the use of machines to harvest the ripening grain. Meantime the cutworm is getting in its destructive work in a manner that bodes no good to the farmers.

Advertise in The Standard.

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL SUE

PETER J. YOUNG

Asks for \$10,000 Damages for Injuries Received in Collision Between Train and His Carriage.

Peter J. Young of Sylvan, by his attorneys, A. J. Sawyer & Son, has commenced suit in the circuit court, at Ann Arbor, against the Michigan Central railroad for damages resulting from being injured in a collision between a train of the defendant railroad and his buggy on May 4, 1903. According to the declaration filed in the case, Young claims that the Michigan Central train and a D. Y. A. A. & J. electric car were racing as they approached the Sylvan road and that no warning was given by the train of its approach. In consequence the buggy was struck and Young thrown about fifty feet and severely injured. He places his damages at \$10,000.

### HELD QUARTERLY MEETING.

Eastern Michigan Press Club Did Business on the Steamer City of Toledo—By-Laws Changed.

A representative of The Standard attended the July meeting of the Eastern Michigan Press club and in place of a convention hall in which to hold its quarterly meeting, the dining room of the steamer City of Toledo, was at its disposal during the trip to the Flats last Friday afternoon.

Sixty members were in attendance and a new constitution and by-laws were adopted. Twenty-four old members of the club were reinstated and seven new names were added to the list of membership of the organization.

C. F. Bielman, the genial traffic manager, of the White Star Line, furnished transportation for the club, on the company's palatial steamers on their Detroit-Port Huron route. The up trip being made on the City of Toledo and the return trip on the Tashmoo. The trip both ways, was enjoyed by the entire party and the managers were credited with having spared no pains in entertaining their guests.

The party had a fish and frog dinner at the Star Island house. The October meeting will be held at Dayton, Ohio, where the club will spend two days inspecting the National Soldiers' Home and the plant of the Cash Register Co.

### CHAINS HIS WIFE

Then Beats Her—Unadvised Farmer Pays a Fine of \$100 and Is Rearrested—Injures Others.

The following from Howell appeared in the Sunday News-Tribune of last Sunday: "Chaining his wife up till she could stand no longer, daubing her with peppercorn and applying a whip liberally, has been among the frequent pastimes in which Ephraim Bush, a Unadvised township farmer, has indulged lately. Bush advertised for a housekeeper some time ago, and a Mrs. John McDonald of Detroit replied and was hired. Later the couple were married. "Bush was arrested for using indecent language before women and children, pleaded guilty and paid a fine of \$100, which was imposed by Justice Harge. He was immediately rearrested for resisting an officer, and badly bruised four men in the sheriff's office before the handcuffs could be snapped on his wrists."

### WANTS DEED SET ASIDE.

Mrs. May Millen of Four Mile Lake, has brought suit in the circuit court at Ann Arbor, to have a deed of a tract of land to the White Portland Cement Co. set aside and has secured an injunction restraining the company from evicting her husband and herself from a house which the company owns.

Homer C. Millen, the husband, had a 10 year contract with the company as secretary and general manager at a salary of \$5,000 a year, and he was recently discharged by the company, after the contract had been in force only a few months. Mrs. Millen claims that she deeded a tract of valuable marl land to the concern in consideration of her husband getting the managership and the company furnishing the family with a house, heated and lighted.

### TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

The Washtenaw county teachers' institute closed a very successful session of three weeks duration at Ypsilanti last Friday. The meetings have been held at the Normal training school and this has been the best in the history of teachers' institute work in Washtenaw county. About ninety teachers were enrolled and Prof. N. A. Harvey conducted the work.

County Commissioner Foster said that they had come to the conclusion that it was necessary for a teacher to have a Normal training, regardless of whether he or she teaches in a country or a district school. It is probable that the institute will be held at Ann Arbor next year.

Use Standard want ads.

## Are You Busy?

Have you no time to make your Children's Clothes? Then let us show you our line of

Misses' and Children's  
Ready-to-wear Dresses

Cool and Comfortable, and at Prices to close them out—Cheaper than you can buy the material and make them.

See Window Display--

Then Come In and Look Them Over

Several Pieces of 5 cent Lawns yet for sale.

If you want an inexpensive summer

dress, do not fail to avail

yourself of this opportunity for a

bargain,

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

## 40c Minus 25c Equals 15c

That's only a simple little problem in arithmetic, but the result comes pretty close to indicating the amount that can be saved by buying

Our 25 Cent Tea.

It's a 25c Tea with a 40c Flavor. 40c flavors usually cost 40c, it's not impossible for us to sell 40c values at 25c.

We have studied the Tea and coffee question quite a bit, and believe that all the way up and down the grades there is from 5 to 10 cents a pound of inducement beckoning you our way.

WE ARE SELLING

Dill Pickles, while they last, per dozen, 5 cents.

Jackson Gem Flour, per sack, 70 cents.

Queen Olives, per quart, 25 cents.

Pink Salmon, 3 cans for 25 cents.

14 bars Laundry Soap, 25 cents.

25 cent bottle Salad Dressing, 18 cents.

Good fine-cut Tobacco, per pound, 28 cents.

AT THE

BUSY STORE,  
FREEMAN BROS.



# THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

G. C. STIMSON, PUB.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

For a long jump from obscurity to fame consider the case of the late Mr. Omilchuk.

The new directory provides only twenty-one Damms for Chicago's 2, 272,760 people.

A New York man has been fined \$1 for assaulting a Mrs. Shakespeare. Prof. Triggs should note this.

In order to attract any attention now the Balkan war cloud will have to assume a rotary motion.

Judging from the description the canal strip will never attain much popularity as a summer resort.

While Mr. Burbank is producing his "cobless corn" he might try his hand at evolving a jagless corn juice.

A cradle operated by electricity has been invented. The mother touches the button and the baby does the rest.

A woman has no difficulty in running an automobile. As soon as people see her coming they flee for their lives.

It may be true, as a fashion journal says, that the "hoopskirt is making slow progress," but it is cutting a wide swath.

Prof. Mathews says that diet is the secret of life. We always have suspected that eating had something to do with living.

Some men seem to think that they have accomplished all that is required of them when they have made some good resolutions.

Philadelphia should persist in its effort to become respectable. It will find the experience agreeable as soon as it gets used to it.

The Department of Agriculture has officially assassinated the "cabbage snake," but the "corn snake" continues to lurk within the bottle.

Harvard feels that such proficiency as the Yale oarsmen show is only a proof that their terms in college have been sadly misspent.

A cadet at Annapolis has succeeded in stretching himself two inches. Usually it is the father of the young man who is subjected to the elongation.

New York has had to rope off a section of Broad street in a ring, to keep "curb brokers" properly corralled. Now all they need is gloves and a referee.

Artfully taking advantage of the prevailing excitement Mr. Rockefeller slips ten millions into the general educational fund and makes his getaway in safety.

George Lindsay of Brooklyn has refused to obey the court's order to kiss Mrs. Lindsay once a day. Mrs. Lindsay is pretty, and lives at 125 Dresden street.

Lord Curzon proposes to resign the position of viceroy of India. If he does he will be the only husband of an American wife known to voluntarily turn loose a fat office.

Corea's emperor declares that the United States is his country's best friend. Maybe, maybe; but Japan, with a jiu-jitsu grip on Corea's neck, insists that she is the country's best chum.

Army worms have made their appearance in parts of Pennsylvania. This visitation, however, will be over in a few weeks, while Gov. Pennypacker will hang on for a year and a half yet.

The Hon. Iz Durham has resigned his office of insurance commissioner of Pennsylvania. He had to do that or be left hanging up in the air. The city of Philadelphia was slipping out from under him.

A Boston author claims that in twenty years he has received \$18,000 for the literature he has produced before breakfast. But he doesn't claim to have been in the habit of taking his breakfast early.

Justice Brewer of the Supreme Court said recently: "Japan, it would seem, has made the goddess of liberty her hired girl." Let us hope Japan will not be compelled to discharge her for staying out at night.

There is a new word, "euthenics," to signify "beautiful living." It was coined by some women professors in the Adirondacks. It would be a good thing if the use of the word would inspire the application of its meaning.

A Chicago woman poured hot tea down her husband's back because she was suspicious that he was flirting with another woman. Married men should impress it upon their spouses that they ought to be like Caesar's wife—above suspicion.

If Luther Burbank would only devote his attention now to making cherries grow abundantly on bushes not more than ten feet high, he would reduce the number of these painful stories in the papers about people who fall out of cherry trees.

# MICHIGAN HAPPENINGS

## LOSSES OF FARMERS BY CUT WORMS REACH MANY THOUSANDS.

JACKSON HAS A WALKING CLUB COMPOSED OF LADIES ONLY.

PERE MARQUETTE ENGINE ON PASSENGER TRAIN GOES IN DITCH.

Ex-Senator McGinley Dead.

Death, caused by pneumonia, came suddenly to ex-Senator Chas. H. McGinley, who passed away at a little resort in the Adirondack mountains near where he was born and raised and where he was spending the summer with his wife and daughter. Senator McGinley has been a figure in Detroit politics and in the criminal law practice since he moved there at the close of the legislative session of 1895. Before that he was active in the politics of the Thumb, and was twice elected to the senate from Minden City, serving in the sessions of 1893 and 1895. He was born in New York in 1856, was married at Hague, N. Y., to Miss Emma Harrison in 1876, and soon afterwards came to Michigan, locating first at Forresterville, where he ran a drug store while he studied law, being admitted to the bar and removing to Minden City in 1879. He was a member of the Odd Fellows, the Masons, the Maccabees and the Knights of Pythias.

P. M. Engine in Ditch.

The engine of the regular Pere Marquette passenger train for Saginaw, leaving Bay City at 8:40 a. m., left the rails four miles south of the latter city while going at a rate of about forty miles an hour, and Engineer Alex. Neiderstadt, one of the oldest employees of the Pere Marquette, was killed. Fireman John H. Quirk, of Saginaw, was slightly injured. The regular train from Saginaw arrived half an hour later and passengers were transferred. The body of Neiderstadt was taken to Saginaw, where his home was. A woman in one of the coaches was severely injured by being thrown against the back of a seat, but she was taken from the train by friends and the railroad officials were unable to learn her name. Quirk escaped death is a marvel, but he did. He absolutely refuses to talk about the accident.

Alma Collegians Suffer Typhoid.

The sudden and serious illness of about a dozen students and professors of Alma College, all having been brought low with typhoid fever, has caused physicians to investigate the cause of such a remarkable occurrence during the past few days. During the investigations the perplexity was deepened by the report from students at their homes throughout the state that many more were victims of the epidemic. The fact that all have fallen ill at about the same time has led the doctors to pronounce the disease the result of the commencement dinner at the college, at which 250 people were present.

The ice cream may have been luted with the deadly germs. Students at Princeton and elsewhere, who were visiting their alma mater at the time, have not escaped the workings of the pest-germs.

Jackson's Walkers.

Jackson probably has the first ladies' walking club organized in the United States—the Sunshine Walking club—which is certainly the only uniformed ladies' walking club. It was organized last November and has 30 members in Jackson and three in Bay City. Mrs. Patrick O'Connor, the enthusiastic president, was the winner of a silver loving cup in the races held here recently. From former delicate health, Mrs. O'Connor has grown to be a healthy young woman, which she ascribes directly to the systematic outdoor exercise which she has taken. The club uniform is a short blue skirt, white shirt waist and blue cap, the club flower pink carnation, the colors pink and white.

The Cut Worm Ravages.

The farmers of Muskegon county seem to have fought the army cut worm till they have conquered the pest for this season and it has done at least \$25,000 damage to the crops. Eggleston, Moorland, Sullivan and Ravenna townships, lying along low lands, have been touched and mint, corn, hay and nearly all the green stuff lying in the path of the small white army worm have been nipped off at the roots. Not in 25 years has such destruction been known. Coming close on the heels of the cloudburst of a month ago, Muskegon county farmers are despondent and find crops nearly all ruined.

P. M. Bridge Down.

The high bridge of the Pere Marquette railroad over Rabbit river collapsed as a freight train was passing over. The locomotive and two cars passing over in safety, but two cars loaded with gravel crashed through and lie in the river. The balance of the train remained on the north end of the bridge.

The government is having plans made for converting the Fort Gratiot lighthouse grounds into a federal park.

Earl and Oliver Lintz, Montrose boys arrested on a charge of housebreaking, have been sent to the Lansing industrial school.

Three hundred acres of sugar beets, belong to the Saginaw Sugar Co., are in fine condition, and 15 families of Russian Poles are doing the weeding. A new factory is being erected at Carleton by Williams Bros., of Detroit. Farmers hereabouts have a large acreage of tomatoes under cultivation.

# STATE BRIEFS.

Clarence Vanderbeck, of Shepherd, aged 9, hit a dynamite cap with a hammer and he is minus one eye now.

The body of Arthur Walker, who was drowned last fall, was washed ashore south of Lexington Friday.

Application to the work of perfecting a patent best pulper has driven Nelson H. Hill, of Lansing, violently insane.

Mrs. Alfred Gifford, of Flint township, fell over a piece of carpet and sustained a broken hip. Her condition is serious.

George Hopkins caught 147 turtles in a small lake on his farm near Coldwater and received over \$100 for them in Chicago.

An insane man, half clad, was captured between Menominee and Iron Mountain. No one knows who he is or where he came from.

On the occasion of the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne, Wednesday, 5,000 Orangemen were entertained in Sault Ste. Marie. The parade was a mile long.

Monroe council has voted down a resolution for a special election to vote on bonding the city for \$65,000 for building a trunk sewer on the south side.

The Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette railway, and the Cleveland Cliffs Iron Co. have sold 60,000 acres of land to the Upper Peninsula Land Co., of Detroit, for \$75,000.

Bert Kelser is under arrest at Battle Creek charged with abandoning his 12-year-old daughter. Kelser formerly lived in Athens, and his wife died in the Kalamazoo asylum.

George E. Wood, a well known lumberman of the middle west, former owner of large timber holdings and a saw mill in Muskegon's halcyon days, is dead at Chicago.

Mrs. Sarah M. Hand and her daughter, Mrs. Charles S. Thompson, of Grand Rapids, died within an hour of each other. Mrs. Hand was 74 and Mrs. Thompson 50 years of age.

Elaborate arrangements are being made for the good roads convention in Port Huron August 29, 30, 31. A display of the convention will be a display of 500 automobiles.

Dr. Ames Bartow, of Michigan, told the National Children's Home society, in annual conference at St. Paul, that there are really no bad boys, but that some boys are misunderstood.

Battle Creek police have ceased investigating the origin of the fire that burned the sanitarium barns last week, because Dr. Kellogg says the fire must have originated accidentally. The ladies omitted to exercise their privilege of voting at the election for school trustees at Midland, and, as a consequence, there was little interest in the result. Last year 50 ladies voted.

While playing with a pistol that he did not know was loaded, Bennie Roberts, the 9-year-old son of Rev. Roberts, of the Third Reformed church, Kalamazoo, was shot through the hand.

The Lansing Arbeiter society entertained several hundred guests from other cities at the dedication of their new hall. Charles Werner, of Detroit, president of the state society, made an address.

Col. C. V. R. Pond, superintendent of rural fire delivery for Michigan, after a conference with the postmasters and carriers of the county, said that Shawassaw will be given solid rural delivery.

Charles Miller, an aged man from Mass City, fell under a moving train at Wausaukee, had the toes of one foot severed, one ear cut off, his nose broken and was otherwise injured. He may die.

Richard R. Thompson, secretary for the past two years of the University Christian association, Ann Arbor, has resigned and will enter the Union Theological Seminary in New York next fall.

At a conference on Monday the differences in the management of the Marquette, Marquette & Northern railway were settled, and the old board of directors will continue to serve for the present.

Engine No. 752, on the Lake Shore, was derailed, it tipped over at Jonesville. Engineer and fireman crawled out uninjured. The whistling of the engine drew a crowd of 300 or 400 in a few minutes.

Mr. and Mrs. John Foster, well-to-do Williams township farmers, have been married 45 years and in 22 years of this time they were parents of 22 children, with no twins. Twenty of the 22 are now living.

Mrs. Adolph Vastrou of Lapeer sustained two broken ribs and serious internal injuries by being thrown from a buggy. Her babe was picked up for dead, but recovered. Three other children were slightly injured.

Dus-Kew-Rera is the name of a new association that has just filed articles of incorporation and will establish a big summer resort at Long Point, Muskegon county. Chicago and Minneapolis capitalists are the stockholders.

The board of county auditors of Ann Arbor had smallpox bills amounting \$1,500, but are holding up part of them, on the grounds that each village should bear its own expense in the matter of fumigation. Advice is being awaited from state officials.

It is a very unusual proceeding to pray for rain to stop, but special services for that purpose were held at St. Augustine's Catholic church, at Kalamazoo. One of the finest hay crops in the history of this section of the state has been completely ruined by wet weather.

James Campbell, of Laketon township, pleaded guilty to the charge of poisoning dogs belonging to resorters, and paid a fine of \$30 and costs. A truck dog valued at \$500 was one of the victims. The owner will sue for damages.

J. Lapowski, husband of the Flint woman reported to have slipped over head work, and apprehended for smuggling, says his wife's name was forged in the matter, as she left Texas for Flint with her family last Saturday.

Mrs. Catherine Benson, the first white girl born in Pontiac, is still living in that city.

# CZAR AT PETERHOF

## THE CZAR'S UNHAPPY LIFE IN A GLOOMY PALACE OF PETERHOFF.

NO ONE ALLOWED TO COME NEAR THE UNINVITING PLACE.

THE NEW PEACE ENVOY AND HIS FITNESS FOR THE MISSION.

Nicholas II. is at Peterhof, on the Gulf of Finland. An angular, ugly tower, painted muddy yellow, topped by an eagle-crowned flagstaff, is all that can be seen of his abode. All that can be seen of his court is an unromantic individual in shirt-sleeves, brushing his hair before a looking glass in the tower window. It needs keen eyes and a field glass to see even these. The shore at Peterhof is muddy, stone strewn, flat and overgrown with weeds. To bathe one must go several hundred yards from the shore. Straight in front of the palace, running half a mile into the sea, is a flimsy wooden pier, and on this pier—one at the end and one half way along—are two blue-roofed bathing boxes used by the czar's immediate family. From the shore the whole process can be seen; and Peterhof takes advantage of the occasion by crowding to the waters' edge and exclaiming excitedly when the late grand duchesses trot along the pier to the nearest bathing box.

The precautions taken for the czar's safety are wonderful. Workmen whose antecedents are unknown are not allowed to settle either in old or new Peterhof. The names of all prospective lodgers or boarders must first be submitted to the police. Not nearly a quarter of a mile along the west wall of the park trees and shrubs have been cut down in order to give the sentries a clear line of vision and thus it will be impossible for marauders to climb the walls.

Between the palace and the vast brick barracks to the northwest telephone wires have been set up. Every story is circulated as to innocent interlopers being shot by grenadiers or sabred by Cossacks.

Destruction of Karsakorsk.

An eye-witness of the Japanese bombardment of Karsakorsk wires that the Russian forts were silenced on July 7, after the exchange of a very few shots. The piers, warehouses and other buildings were set on fire and the conflagration was reflected by the foggy atmosphere, converting the sky into one mass of blood red color. The Japanese army landed amidst the fire, which was fast spreading to the forts. The infantry quickly captured the forts, from the tops of which the bewildered inhabitants were seen fleeing in every direction, carrying what property they could remove. The fires were not subdued for over 48 hours.

The sunken cruiser Novik, which was destroyed by the Japanese at Karsakorsk last August, and the ruined town and forts are sad witnesses of the rapidity with which destruction is wrought in modern warfare.

Japan Envoy's Route.

President James H. Hill, of the Great Northern railway, is personally arranging the itinerary for the Japanese peace plenipotentiaries, in their journey from Seattle to Washington. The party, which is headed by Baron Komura, will arrive at Seattle on the steamer Minnesota July 20. They will travel eastward over the Great Northern to Duluth, where they will embark on the steamer Northwest for Buffalo, via the great lakes. At Buffalo the party will be taken by the Pennsylvania railway to Washington, arriving there early in August.

Manipulation of Statistics.

Secretary Wilson has begun an inquiry into the question of the alleged manipulation of tobacco crop statistics in the interests of the trust. Pending the investigation the publication of the tobacco statistics of the several districts will be held up, although the regular monthly figures by states will be given out.

# NEWS IN BRIEF.

The cost of living, according to the latest bulletin issued by the bureau of labor, is more than twice as much as it was in 1890.

Cloudburst near Petersburg, Ind., leveled hills. In one case a hill was leveled into a valley covering a 20-acre field of oats with three feet of new soil.

The "System" will get a short rest. Tom-Lawson's throat being so sore after his Topeka, Kan., speech that a physician there ordered him to be quiet for a few days.

Orin Steinberger, aged 40, an artist of Urbana, O., says he has been entirely cured of consumption by living like his simian ancestors in the branches of a spreading tree.

Peary's Arctic ship Roosevelt tried to sail from Portland, Me., without the usual clearance papers, and a fine of \$500 was imposed by government officials. The Peary Arctic club makes a strenuous kick.

The Epworth League adjourned its convention in Denver Sunday after adopting a resolution calling on the United States senate to unseat Reed Smoot.

"Elijah" Dowle has had himself declared solvent by the United States courts at Chicago. He says he's paid up all the \$400,000 claims mentioned in the original bankruptcy bill.

Under a delusion that he was the murderer of his wife and aunt, Albert Loose of Schaefferstown, Pa., tried himself, sentenced himself to death and then proceeded to carry out the sentence. He was found hanging from a bar in his cell.

# GENERAL WOOD OPERATED ON, BUT DOING WELL—TO CLEAN UP PANAMA.

Reports from Pocasset, Cape Cod, say that Maj-Gen. Leonard Wood has just undergone the delicate surgical operation of trepanning to remove a bony growth on his head. The operation, it is said, was entirely successful, and the general is making rapid progress toward recovery. It was made necessary by a mishap several years ago, when Maj-Gen. Wood received a severe blow on the head by accident. A swelling developed, but surgeons were soon able to determine that it was not of cancerous growth and not in the least likely to have any permanent ill effects. Gossip is current in Washington since President Roosevelt's speech at Oyster Bay Wednesday, that the president plans to send Gen. Wood to Panama to clean up the isthmus as he did Cuba.

Depew Caught in Tangle.

The New York World says: "Relations far more startling than those in the report of Supt. Hendricks are contained in the testimony taken in the state insurance department's investigation of the Equitable Life Assurance society."

"Senator Chauncey M. Depew testified that the Depew Improvement Co., in which he was interested, obtained a loan from the Equitable of \$250,000 on property which the state insurance department valued at only \$150,000. He admitted that neither principal nor interest had been paid, and that the Equitable had been forced to foreclose. "He admitted that as a member of the executive committee of the Equitable, he had not advised this loan, but had voted for it. He confessed to making a promise that the Equitable should be made whole, but in the same breath said that promise was not legally binding.

"Jacob H. Schiff, confronted with records of the Equitable that Kuhn, Loeb & Co. had sold a large amount of Union Pacific preferred stock to the society, swore that these records were false. He confessed that he had been a dummy director, but said that since the Equitable scandal developed, he had bought five shares of the stock, paying \$2,000 a share."

Root's Sacrifice.

Seldom in the history of the government has a man made the financial sacrifice that Elihu Root will make in taking up the portfolio of state laid down by John Hay. In accepting the \$8,000 salary of a cabinet officer he must give up fees, estimated to have been within the year, at least \$250,000. A cabinet officer recently said Mr. Root was making \$275,000 a year. In Washington his living expenses will probably reach \$40,000.

Kansas Oil Fight Lost.

The law passed by the legislature last winter appropriating \$410,000 to build an important oil refinery at Peru, Kas., was on Friday declared unconstitutional by the state supreme court in an opinion rendered by Associate Justice Greene.

The oil refinery law was considered one of the most direct blows struck at the Standard Oil Co. by the legislature, which adopted several measures tending to restrict that concern in the handling of the Kansas product.

Bank Solvent.

It is now believed that the Vicksburg Exchange bank, now in the hands of Receiver S. B. Monroe, of Kalamazoo, will be found solvent. It is said that \$60,000 worth of good collateral has been found, and that no wrongdoing has been discovered. The receiver is now alleged to be illegal, as it is said bankruptcy proceedings cannot be taken against an insane person. A girl was born to Mrs. Page at the family home Thursday.

Eight Are Dead.

Eight men were blown to pieces and two others were injured by the premature explosion of a big blast of rock powder on the Pennsylvania railroad improvements near New Cumberland, Penna.

# CONDENSED NEWS.

Hot weather caused 13 deaths in New York Thursday.

J. R. Wright, Columbus, Kas., has quit the Baptist ministry to go on the stage in New York in a new Biblical play.

G. Gould, 70, Newark, N. J., was attacked and nearly killed by mosquitoes. Passersby rescued him in the nick of time.

Four more deaths and 41 prostrations were caused by the heat in New York, Pittsburgh had nine prostrations and six drownings.

The crown of Norway will be accepted by Prince Charles of Denmark if King Christian consents on his return to Copenhagen next week.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles is being boomed by Massachusetts Democrats for governor, to succeed Gov. Douglass, who says he won't run again.

Banker F. G. Bigelow's assets were \$238,644 and his liabilities \$2,191,889, according to the appraising committee appointed to investigate his affairs.

Tom Lawson tells people at Minneapolis that he has several millions of dollars that he made wrongfully and that "when the time comes" he'll give them back to the people.

Albert Urfer, 14, and Chas. Fee, 11, have been arrested near Lima, O., and are charged with obstructing the Penna. railway track. They say that they "wanted to see a wreck."

Isak J. Davil, a Boer war veteran, has come to this country all the way from South Africa to be cured of paralysis by the powers of John Alexander Dowle, the self-styled "Elijah II."

Rev. Dr. Stephen Innes, an Episcopal rector of San Francisco, has separated from his wife, with her consent, to apply for admission to the Catholic priesthood, while Mrs. Innes will seek to become a nun.

John D. Rockefeller is said to have increased his bodyguard as a result of the feeling in Cleveland over Miss Tarbell's exposure of his alleged trickery by which James Corrigan, the vessel owner, claims he was robbed.

# TO PROBE SCANDAL

## SOME SCANDALS THAT ARE TO BE PROBED TO THE BOTTOM.

PRESIDENT ORDERS STEPS TO PUNISH GUILTY TAKEN AT ONCE.

THE GREAT PRINTING OFFICE SEEMS TO NEED SOME PURIFYING.

The Holmes Case.

President Roosevelt has determined the scandal growing out of the cotton report leaks in the department of agriculture shall be probed to the bottom. He holds that the man or men responsible for the leaks are even in a greater degree culpable than they would have been had they stolen money outright from the government. He proposes that Assistant Statistician Holmes, against whom serious allegations are made, shall be punished if it should be found possible to secure his arrest and conviction under present laws.

The president has followed the work of the investigation conducted by Secretary Wilson with keen interest and has written Attorney General Moody as follows:

"I most earnestly hope that every effort will be made to bring Holmes to justice in connection with the cotton report scandal. Please go over the papers yourself. The man is, in my judgment, a far greater scoundrel than if he had stolen money from the government, as he used the government to deceive outsiders and to make money for himself and for others."

An Unsavory Mess.

Scandals of enormous proportions will develop in the government printing office beside which the Lanston typesetting investigation is but a trifle. The printing establishment in the world, graft is rampant in this establishment. Some of the officials are charged with demanding a commission on the sales of supplies. Machinery which would be useful for many years, is condemned after being purchased by those who condemn it, and they in turn sell it to private business concerns at a large profit. Superfluous positions exist and persons are on the pay roll who perform practically no services. Immorality exists and favorites of chiefs are given positions which involve no labor, jobs are sold on the commission basis and corruption of almost every conceivable character exists.

Roberts Prods British Lion.

The direct, unqualified statement that the British army is now as unfitted and unprepared for war as it was before the struggle with the Boers, was the bomb that Lord Roberts threw in the house of lords. The veteran field marshal in a deliberate and carefully prepared speech told the peers that he believed as a practical soldier that Great Britain's military forces are totally inadequate to uphold the empire as a first-class world power. Lack of fitness in the men and poor training were mentioned as contributory causes to this condition.

The speech was called for by Premier Balfour's statement regarding the impossibility of an invasion. Lord Roberts said the necessity of being able to repel an attack on England itself was not all, but that the country must deal with a question of infinitely great importance—the question of the life or death of the empire, the issue of which depended upon Great Britain being ready to defend her eastern possessions and at the same time take part in any affair nearer home, either of which necessitated the placing in the field of an army as large and efficient as that of any of the European countries.

The Canal "Knockers."

President Roosevelt Wednesday afternoon turned the vials of his invective loose on the "knocking" which is greeting the efforts of the United States in building the Panama canal; bitterly scored the men who have come back in panic from the isthmus with scare stories about health conditions there; prophesied confidently that the canal would be completed to the everlasting credit of American genius and perseverance, and lauded Gen. Leonard Wood for his sanitary achievements in Cuba in a way that suggested that the president may have in mind a similar task for his friend at Panama.

The address was delivered before the Associated Physicians of Long Island. Attired in a suit of rough linen and wearing a broad-brimmed Panama hat, the president arrived at Oyster Bay high school, where the meeting was held, at 3:15 p. m. After the president had retired, the session unanimously elected him and Gen. Wood members of the society.

# NEWS IN BRIEF.

Past 81, Rev. William H. Russell, a cottage revivalist at Asbury Park, N. J., has surrendered to Cupid. His bride is Mrs. Catherine Armour Duffley, aged 46.

John F. Wallace's \$65,000 job is located at last. The unpatriotic engineer who gave up the Panama canal is being managed a syndicate headed by George Westinghouse, which will purchase and build trolley lines all over the country.

Just before his marriage in 1874, the late John Hay gave a bachelor dinner. One of his guests asked how long his honeymoon was going to last. "All the rest of my life, I think," he replied, and his closest friends say that he prophesied truly.

Tom W. Lawson has been nominated for president by enthusiastic Smithville, Mo., citizens.

# TERRIFYING STORM.

## DETROIT WAS VISITED AND MUCH DAMAGE DONE.

The most spectacular storm Detroit has seen this summer occurred at 1 o'clock Friday afternoon. A sultry forenoon and an unsettled condition of the weather gave promise of a down fall. It came black and threatening from the northwest. Low lying clouds rolled closely to the earth, creating intense darkness. When the storm broke it amounted to a cloudburst. The gutters ran with water even with the curbing and accompanying the downpour was a scattering of hail of sufficient size to smash large plate glass windows. Along Shelby street the sidewalks were littered with fragments of windows and all over the downtown section much damage was inflicted. So violent was the storm and so terrifying the darkness that thousands of men and women were scared almost out of their senses. Many timorous women took refuge in their cellars.



## Sinking of Submarine

The Plymouth trawler Chanticleer, the crew of which rescued the four survivors of the recent submarine disaster, has returned from her fishing cruise, having been absent since the work of rescue was so admirably carried out. The crew consists of the master, Richard Johns, the two deck hands, Edward Knox and James Phillips. In an interview at Plymouth with a representative of the London Standard the master gave his account of the disaster. It contains much that is both new and striking.

"When I first saw the submarines," said Mr. Johns, "the two of them were following the torpedo boat in a line on end, the three vessels being about a hundred fathoms apart. How fast they were going I shouldn't like to say, but it was certainly at a high rate of speed. The torpedo boat was kicking up a white smother under her counter, and the submarines were tearing through it in a perfect sluice of foam."

"There was a lieutenant on the cone of the sternmost submarine, No. 8. I could spot him by the two gold rings round his cuff. I take it that he saw he could not cross our bows, and decided to change direction so as to pass under our stern. Anyhow, he called something down below. These boats, you must know, are steered by a wheel placed down close under the coming tower. The craft was so close to us at this moment that we could plainly hear the quick clamping of her motor and the noise of the water parted by the thrust of her hidden bow."

"We three men, who saw the accident happen under our very nose, are all agreed as to exactly how it came about. The submarine was going very fast, as I have told you. She looked well trimmed, and was going along on a level keel, though perhaps just a little deep, which I am told was due to her carrying a double crew. When the lieutenant shouted below to change course—so as to clear our vessel, as I allow—the man at the wheel must have spun his helm hard over. The boat came curving round in a hiss of white froth, and began instantly to heel over. You must have noticed that if the helm of a steam launch or any high speed small craft throw her broad on her side, I have several times seen naval picket boats almost capsized in Plymouth Sound by this same cause."

"Well, as I say, the submarine came swooping around in a way that brought my heart into my throat. The lieutenant saw what was going to happen; never a doubt of it. I heard him roar out in a startled voice, 'D—n it, man, what are you doing? You'll have us all over!' Then, a second later, a voice that sounded as shrill as a woman's shrieked out, 'Oh, she's gone!'"

"The submarine rolled right over, until her cone was flat on the water, and her bow rose up till we could see the stem. The four men were simply flung off her deck as she went rearing on; then there came a strange, sobbing sound, and all of a sudden she had vanished. You may believe that every word I am telling you is heaven's truth when I say that the submarine was no more than fifteen rods away from our port quarter

hold of it as she soused aloft. "Knox and Phillips jumped sprawling into the boat and flung the oars over like a brace of madmen. I ran aft to the helm and put it down hard, so as to bring the vessel up head to wind. We were only just in time. My mates had to row about a hundred yards to reach the spot where the four men lay. One of them, a petty officer, had heavy sea boots and oilskins on, dragging him down, and the lieutenant was doing all that mortal could to support him. They picked him up at last. It took four men to pull the poor fellow in, and he went all of a heap in the bottom of the boat, sobbing out, 'God bless you fishermen for saving my life!'"

"By this time the torpedo boat had seen what had happened, and, stopping her engines, lowered her little cockleshell of a boat. But for some reason which I can't explain this craft filled with water at once and was useless. Perhaps the speed at which the torpedo boat was going toward her under when she was lowered. Our own boat now came alongside, and the first question I asked was, 'Are there any more of you in that sunken craft?' 'Fifteen more, God help them,' came back the answer, and the lieutenant put his hand to his eyes and groaned. I asked whether they would come aboard our trawler, but the officer, in a broken voice, said no; they would get on the torpedo boat. This vessel now came steaming close up alongside of the smack, while the other submarine following in her wake. We put the four survivors on board the torpedo boat, and her commander thanked us for what we had done, and I could have sat down and cried like a child over the horror of it all. Then we got our boat aboard again and bore away to sea."

## The Drum in Warfare

Berteaux, minister of war of France, intends to suppress drums in the French army. Faure-Biguet sustains his decision with the remark:

"The drum in modern armies is an anachronism and should be abolished in spite of the sentimental pang its disappearance may cause."

American military authorities do not agree with Berteaux, and it is doubtful if the military authorities at Washington would ever consent to the drum being taken out of the service of our national army.

Col. Stuart of the Second Illinois says: "Take the drum from American soldiers! Why not play 'Hamlet' then without Hamlet, or give us Scottish songs without Burns? The drums and bugles are inspirations."

Lawrence Le Bron, Grant and Sherman's private scout through the Vicksburg campaign and now with the Chicago postoffice, said: "I am of French descent. My grandfather was a general of Napoleon the Great. I fought in our civil war. I know what the drum means to tired and hungry men. Often bugles cannot be heard, but the drum—its ra-ta-tat—that goes everywhere."

"You remember the old lines of Agincourt:

They now to flight are gone; armor on drum now to drum did goan, To hear was wonder."

"The drum gives the dying new life, the faint-hearted new courage and to us of the Grand Army of the Republic it is the last music above our graves as it was the first in our ears when we entered battle. No—France may give up the drum, but not the United States."

Byron says: "The beat of the alarming drum roused up the soldier ere the morning star," while Hamlet muttered: "Give me the cups; and let the kettle to the trumpet speak."

And none can forget the stirring lines of Whitman in his "Drum-Taps":

Oh, a strange hand writes for our dear son— O stricken mother's soul!

All swells before her eyes—flashes with black— She catches the main words only: Sentences broken—gunshot heard in the breast.

Cavalry skirmish, taken to hospital: At present low, but soon will be better. The drum was used in Egypt 1,600 years before Christ. The tympanum of the Greeks and Romans resembled a small kettle drum. From India the use of drums spread westward, being introduced into Europe either by the Moors or through the Crusades.

In France for centuries the instrument has been one of the most effective.

What Senator Frye's Note Lacked. When Senator Frye was chairman of the school committee at Lewiston, Me., he and the other members of the committee were examining applicants to fill a vacancy in one of the schools. The following note was written on the blackboard:

"Lewiston, Me., Sept. 10. Four months after date I promise to pay John Jones \$100 at 6 per cent. interest. William P. Frye."

The young ladies were asked if the note were negotiable. Various opinions were expressed until one of the ladies very emphatically said it was not.

"What change is necessary?" asked the senator.

"The signature of another person," was the quick response.

## 1859 RECORD HOLDS

VOYAGE OF CLIPPER DREADNAUGHT NEVER EQUALLED.

Capt. Samuels' Exploit Far Greater Than the Recent Triumph of Capt. Barr—Veteran Is in Favor of Time Allowance.

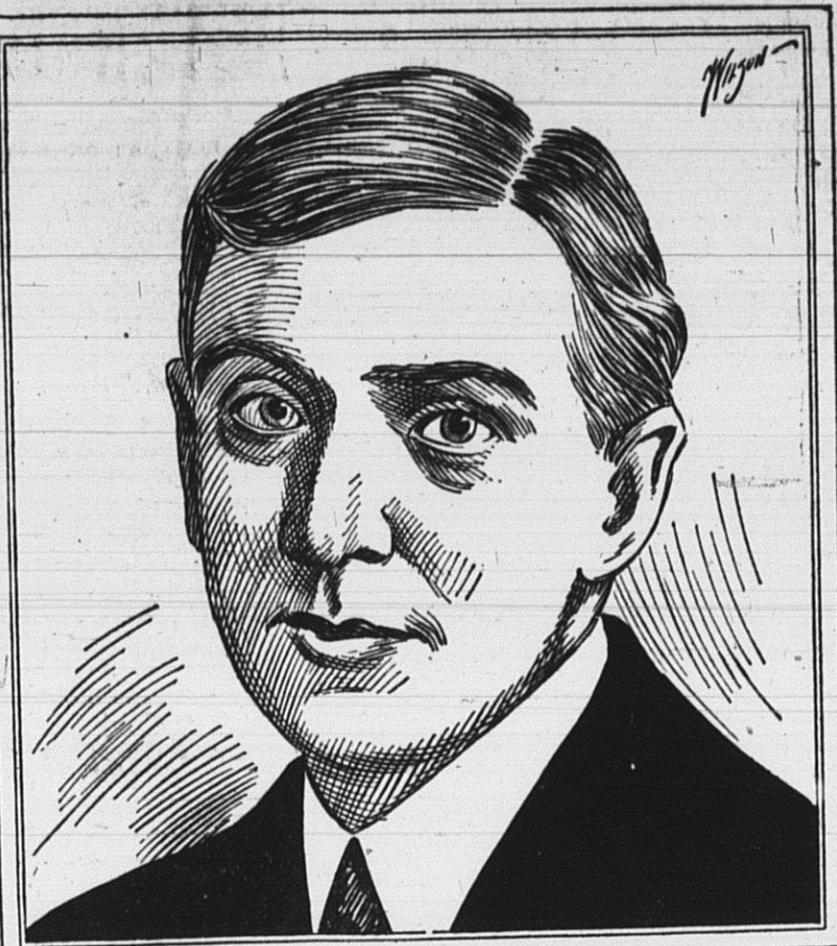
Now that the Apache has passed the Lizard, Capt. Samuel Samuels suggests that the race for the German emperor's cup was "no great shakes" in point of speed, says the New York Commercial. Everybody in the New York shipping world knows Capt. Samuels. Not to know him argues oneself unknown. Since the days when Capt. Ambrose Snow used to adorn the banquet of the marine society with his presence and his speeches, Capt. Samuels has held the post of patriarch among those of us who go down to the sea in ships. He is admiral of the fleet, retired.

If he has done the role of Capt. Cuttle occasionally, who will quarrel with him? He is a philosopher, and a philosopher may select any medium of disseminating wisdom. Be it understood that he is not behind his age in the science of navigation merely because he sailed a clipper ship Dreadnaught more than half a century ago. No other American has kept a sharper eye upon shipping developments in the interval than he.

Capt. Samuels and the Dreadnaught in 1859 made better time than Capt. Barr and the Atlantic in 1905. This is a matter of history. The exploits of the "wild boat of the Atlantic," as his ship was known to the superstitious tars of her day, are written in the chronicles of Gotham. Her nine days and seventeen hours between New York and Queenstown was a much swiftest performance than Barr's twelve days, four hours and three minutes between New York and the Lizard.

A wonderful creature was the Dreadnaught.

## "MAIL BANK" CLOSED DOWN BY POSTAL AUTHORITIES



EDWARD G. LEWIS

Edward G. Lewis of St. Louis, whose novel scheme of doing a banking business by mail exclusively has been stopped with a postal fraud order pending an investigation, had secured several million dollars in deposits and stock subscriptions. The postal inspectors have found that he did not use his own money in the organization of the bank, as he promised in his prospectus, and that he has been loaning the bank's funds to himself. Lewis claims the concern is perfectly solvent.

postal inspectors have found that he did not use his own money in the organization of the bank, as he promised in his prospectus, and that he has been loaning the bank's funds to himself. Lewis claims the concern is perfectly solvent.

## ALIEN INVASION OF CANADA.

Figures of Yearly Immigration Are Enormous.

The Canadian authorities estimate the total immigration into Canada up to June 30, the figures for June and May not being final, at 148,261, as against 130,330 for the preceding fiscal year. In proportion to population this is equivalent to an immigration of about two millions into the United States, or twice the volume the Republic is actually receiving. It represents a foreign dilution of the population of Canada by two and one-half per cent. of its total amount, and if it were maintained on the same scale it would eventually submerge the native Canadians in a foreign majority. The evidence of Mr. W. D. Scott, immigration superintendent, and Dr. P. H. Bryce, chief medical inspector, before a parliamentary committee conveys the rather surprising information that Canada sifts her immigrants more carefully than the United States. According to their figures Canada has rejected one applicant in every 290 and the United States only one in every 2,665—Collier's.

## HUXLEY LIKED HIS TOBACCO.

Scientist's Testimony Rather Disconcerting to Hearers.

Prof. Huxley was invited on one occasion to take the chair at an anti-tobacco meeting. In a brief opening speech he related a personal incident. He was visiting a friend, with whom he had animated discussions on a recent scientific discovery in which they were both deeply interested. "However, there was one point on which we differed," continued the professor. "My friend was a great smoker, while I detested tobacco in any form. [Great applause.] After dinner we usually retired to his study; but, finding myself once nearly suffocated with my friend's cigar smoke, I expostulated. Thereupon, pushing the cigars before me, he said: 'Take one yourself; it's the best remedy.' As I knew I couldn't induce him to give up his, I reluctantly took a cigar and smoked it. And since that time, ladies and gentlemen, nothing on earth could induce me [renewed applause] to forego my afternoon cigar."

## Sweden's Good Financial Position.

Judging by the position of Sweden's banks, that country must be in good condition financially. At the close of 1904 Sweden had sixty-nine banks in good working order. The aggregate capital was \$100,000,000, as against \$85,000,000 in 1903 and \$75,000,000 in 1902. In addition the banks held very large reserves. The trade of the country is moving so rapidly that quite recently seven banks issued new shares at from 60 per cent. to 150 per cent. premium, thus increasing their reserves to the extent of \$13,000,000, besides the capital increase. Last year the average bank dividend was 9.2 per cent. These figures show that the commerce and industries of the country are in good shape to stand a tilt with Norway.

The prices commanded by Swedish government bonds in the principal money markets of the world show that the State finances are also in good shape.

## Diary Kept Four Centuries.

The oldest diary in existence is said to be that preserved in the Japanese family of Hozaka. It has been duly maintained by the various heads of the family for four centuries. An English commentator notes that about twenty years ago a dispute over precedence arose between two branches of the family and that this was promptly settled by recourse to the diary and the discovery of the record of a dinner given 200 or 300 years ago by the head of the family to the founder of the side line.

## MOUNTED POLICE OF CANADA.

Have Made Splendid Record in the Northwest Territory.

Readiness for duty in any form has made the Royal Northwest Mounted Police what they are—the trusted guardians of life and property in western Canada, says the World To-day. Their field is from the United States boundary to the arctic coast, and in this vast territory, a thousand miles from south to north, 800 scarlet-coated men keep peace and order. Through any part of it, prairie, wilderness or woods, a defenseless woman may go alone and have no fear. To make this easy the traveler's way meant years of vigilant policing, and even of fighting. Those were stirring times, when mounted police service had zest and glory. To-day there is less glory and more hard work; for, as the country is settling farther north, the police, too, are moving up and widening their beats. Smugglers on the border, thieves on the ranches, criminals in the settlements, fires in the forests, to guard against these and to represent the law in a land that would easily be lawless are their duties to-day; and to these have now been added the carriage of the mails in the extreme North and the protection of the whale fisheries on the arctic coast.

## NOTHING BUT AN AMERICAN.

John Hay's Facetious Description of His Nationality.

Two years ago in a speech before the Ohio Society of New York, the late John Hay facetiously traced his derivation as follows. I was born in Indiana, I grew up in Illinois, I was educated in Rhode Island. I learned my law in Springfield, Ill., and my politics in Washington, my diplomacy in Europe, Asia and Africa. I have a farm in New Hampshire and desk room in the District of Columbia. When I look to the springs from which my blood descends the first ancestors I ever heard of were a Scotchman who was half English and a German woman who was half French. Of my immediate progenitors, my mother was from New England and my father was from the south. In this bewilderingment of origin and experience I can only put on an aspect of deep humility in any gathering of favorite sons, and confess that I am nothing but an American."

## Political "Pull" Not Necessary.

Postmaster Wilcox of New York has given signal proof that political "pull" is not supreme in his office. Recently the superintendent of mails became vacant and the postmaster consulted one of his associates about eligible members of his staff, inquiring particularly about a Mr. Roome. His adviser replied that the man mentioned was the best man for the place, but was not an applicant for the promotion. A further inquiry as to the reason for Roome's modesty brought out this interesting bit of information: He had not applied because he knew he had no chance of getting it. He did not know a single politician. Mr. Wilcox sent for Roome and after some conversation, which showed the latter's efficiency, named him for the vacancy and he is now superintendent of mails.

## Political Conference Postponed.

Vice President Fairbanks was visiting in Marysville, Ohio, his boyhood home, last week, and while there sent for John Pickerson, the village barber, to shave him. When the tonorial artist arrived Mr. Fairbanks was holding a political conference with some local magnates and asked the barber to wait. "If you want to be right now, I'm pretty busy to-day." The conference was suspended at once and the vice president hustled into a chair.

## DRINK MADE NULL AND VOID.

How Johnson Sides Was Vindicated by Nevada Legislature.

"With Indiana and Arkansas passing freak legislation, what can we expect next?" asks the chap that is always trying to dig up matters which are likely to disturb a fellow of the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "But did you ever hear of the act of the Nevada legislature? I do not think there ever was anything like it. It seems that one Johnson Sides, an Indian, educated at an eastern college, returned to his tribe to preach about the crime of drinking spirits of any kind. He proved to be a splendid temperance advocate of grand power and made many converts until— Well, one day Johnson Sides was caught taking a drink. He said afterwards that it was because he had the stomach ache. Some people were so impolite as to doubt this and intimated that perhaps Mr. Johnson Sides had been in the habit of having attacks of stomach ache all the time that he was lecturing against intemperance. This made Mr. Sides feel bad. It not only took away his drawing power as a temperance advocate, but almost broke his heart. He thought about it deeply and he thought about it long. Suddenly he received an inspiration. He went to a friend, a member of the Nevada legislature, and had a long talk with him. As a result, the following appears on the minutes of that body: "Senate joint concurrent resolution No. 11—Resolved by the senate, the people of the state of Nevada concurring, that the drink of whisky taken by Johnson Sides on the 17th day of September, in the city of Virginia county of Store, be and is hereby declared null and void."

"And thus was Johnson Sides vindicated."

## COOKS LABOR WAS WASTED.

Elaborate Meal Prepared, but Expected Guest Came Not.

Dean Briggs, of Radcliffe College, tells a story of a servant he had once who was fond of listening to everything she heard, and undertook to do things without any one's sanction. One day Mrs. Briggs said to her band after he had his breakfast: "I wish you would bring Lady Rose's daughter when you come home." The servant hurried up with her work and started in preparing dinner at once for she was fond of praise, and was determined to have this dinner fit for any nobility. The duck, in fact, every thing that was ordered for Sunday's dinner, she cooked. She also set an extra place at the table.

Mrs. Briggs, after making a few calls on friends, came into the dining room and saw the extra place set. Immediately she went to the kitchen, and behold, her servant was dressed to the queen's taste.

"Why, Mary," said Mrs. Briggs, "for whom is the extra place? I see you are doing things in grand style to-day."

"Why," said Mary, "didn't I hear you tell Mr. Briggs to bring home Lady Rose's daughter, and I am cooking her a dinner the like of which she never had before."

"Lady Rose's daughter!" exclaimed Mrs. Briggs. "Why, my poor child, that is a famous novel."

Mary felt like quitting her place at once.

## Humane.

Mrs. Nuwile was vexed. "You are always kicking about my cooking," she said, "and saying that my doughnuts are not fit for human beings to eat. And yet I notice that you have gobbled up every one of that last batch!"

The brute was staggered, but only for a moment. "Yes, my dear," he answered, calmly, "but why? I knew that if I did not eat them our poor little baby would insist on having some. And, rather than have the child poisoned, I took the awful risk involved in devouring them myself. You evidently do not understand, my dear, that I am a self-sacrificing parent!"

The silence that ensued was only broken by a crashing sound as of an empty doughnut dish breaking upon a human head.—Cleveland Leader.

## His Labor and His Love.

Before the gateway of his life's demand Love and Toil, and Toil was worn and gray.

But Love was fair. Love called—he chose—and they Passed through the happy portals—hand in hand.

"What one is this?" he asked; for ever planned A handmaid their delight, and all their way Bloomed with the flowers of an endless May.

The fragrant blossoms of their Eden-land.

Then answered Love: "Dear foolish heart and fond. Who 'chooseth Love hath won her servant, too; Toll, the eternal, ministers to you; And thou—thou hast, not known, dear heart and fond."

But he who chooses Toil shall find too late That he has left Love weeping at the gate.

—Geo. H. Martland in Booklover's Magazine.

## Almost Satisfied.

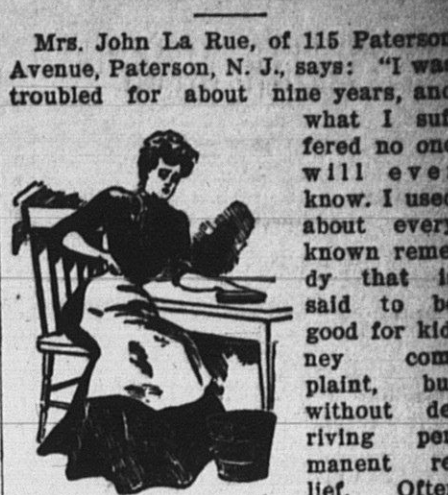
Congressman Broussard of Louisiana says that at New Iberia, his state, in the early '90s, when that district was visited by a severe flood, one of the expeditions for relief organized by the government one day encountered an old negro who, in a dilapidated dug-out, was having considerable trouble in keeping afloat. The old fellow was busy paddling with one hand, while he bailed out his craft with the other.

At this juncture the relief boat came within hailing distance, and the captain called out:

"Hello, there uncle! Anything you want?"

"Nothin' 'cept wings, boss," was the grim reply.—Philadelphia Ledger

## A WOMAN'S MISERY.



Mrs. John La Rue, of 115 Paterson Avenue, Paterson, N. J., says: "I was troubled for about nine years, and what I suffered no one will ever know. I used about every known remedy that is said to be good for kidney complaint, but without deriving permanent relief. Often when alone in the house the back ache has been so bad that it brought tears to my eyes. The pain at times was so intense that I was compelled to give up my household duties and lie down. There were headaches, dizziness and blood rushing to my head to cause bleeding at the nose. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills benefited me so much that I continued the treatment. The stinging pain in the small of my back, the rushes of blood to the head and other symptoms disappeared."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Samoans Prefer German Umbrellas.

The British consul for Samoa reports to his government that the natives prefer German-made umbrellas to British, because of their style and appearance.

## IMPORTANT TO HOUSESEEKERS

All about the industries, population, climate, etc. of any locality, U. S. or Canada. Write for "Circular D" Fidelity Reports Co., 1315 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

## Worried by False Teeth.

Sheikh Mohammed Ali Omar Or, head of the Genlab Arabs, who has arrived at Khartum, has been presented by the sirdar with a complete set of teeth. He is extremely proud of them and hopes to amaze the rest of his tribe when he arrives home. His only misgiving is the effect on his inside. He expressed his fears in this way: "God gave me teeth and took them away when I grew old. He knows best. Now man has put new ones in. Can the doctor of the teeth tell me what is good for my inside?" —Brooklyn Eagle.

## Boomerang as Life Saver.

Attention is being devoted to the boomerang as a means of saving life at sea. The contrivance is simply a boomerang to which a swivel is attached to carry the line without twisting. With it a man can instantly throw a strong line 150 feet to 200 feet, and, as the boomerang floats it will sustain the cord on the water and give a person on the surface a chance to catch it, and be drawn to land or supported until a boat arrives. The device requires little skill to throw it accurately.

## To Make Barley Water.

Barley water is simply made; wash half a cup of pearl barley and place in a saucepan with two quarts of water. Boil it for two hours until the barley is perfectly soft, stirring it and skimming it occasionally, strain it before using. This may be sweetened and flavored with lemon juice.

## FROM SAME BOX

Where the Foods Come From.

"Look here, walter, honest now, don't you dip every one of these flaked breakfast foods out of the same box?" "Well, yes, boss, we do, all 'cept Grape-Nuts, cause that don't look like the others and people know 'zackly what Grape-Nuts looks like. But there's 'bout a dozen different ones named on the bill of fare and they are all thin rolled flakes so it don't make any difference which one a man calls for, we just take out the order from one box."

This talk led to an investigation. Dozens of factories sprung up about three years ago, making various kinds of breakfast foods, seeking to take the business of the original prepared breakfast food—Grape-Nuts. These concerns after a precarious existence, nearly all failed, leaving thousands of boxes of their foods in mills and warehouses. These were in several instances bought up for a song by speculators and sold out to grocers and hotels for little or nothing. The process of working off this old stock has been slow. One will see the names on menus of flaked foods that went out of business a year and a half or two years ago. In a few cases where the abandoned factories have been bought up, there is an effort to resuscitate the defunct, and by copying the style of advertising of Grape-Nuts, seek to influence people to purchase. But the public has been educated to the fact that all these thin flaked foods are simply soaked wheat or oats rolled thin and dried out and packed. They are not prepared like Grape-Nuts, in which the thorough baking and other operations which turn the starch part of the wheat and barley into sugar, occupy many hours and result in a food so digestible that small infants thrive on it, while it also contains the selected elements of Phosphate of Potash and Albumen that unite in the body to produce the soft gray substance in brain and nerve centers. There's a reason for Grape-Nuts, and there have been many imitations, a few of the kind and character of the advertising. Imitators are always counterfeiters and their printed and written statements cannot be expected to be different than their goods.

This article is published by the Postum Co. at Battle Creek. Additional evidence of the truth can be supplied in quantities.



## THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, Chelsea, Mich.

BY G. C. STIMSON.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 6 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

An American bank has been established in the republic of Panama.

The Cuban congress is considering a bill to legalize cock fighting.

"The United States of America is, after all," remarks the Review of Reviews, "the real Zion of the Hebrews."

General Miles is mentioned as a possible nominee of the democrats of Massachusetts for the office of governor of that state.

Rumor has it in mining circles that Lieut-Governor Maitland has struck "pay dirt" near Deadwood, S. D., to the tune of millions.

Ex-Congressman H. C. Smith, of Adrian, announces that he would like to represent the commonwealth of Michigan in the United States senate.

Congressman Charles E. Townsend has secured Secretary of the Treasury Shaw for a speaker for the Michigan Bankers' association at Houghton, July 24-25.

The city of Monroe has found that municipal ownership of the electric light is not a paying venture for the town, and is desirous of selling it to the highest bidder.

The prospects for a big peach crop in the state are at present good, while that of apples is reported to be only fifty per cent, due largely to heavy rains and lack of spraying.

An exchange suggests the "Help Wanted" columns to Norway. Perhaps the czar of Russia would find in the same columns something of lasting benefit to his long suffering people.

The president's determination to do what he can to dispense with the unnecessary "red tape" in the management of the several departments under his supervision is very commendable.

If Thomas A. Edison's suggestion that radium may become as cheap as coal ever comes true what a terrible loss it will be to the people who are paying \$3,000,000 an ounce for it now.

Promoters are working on a proposed electric line from Detroit to the Soo. They claim the distance between the two cities can be considerably shortened. The road will cost \$350,000 to build and equip.

The Lake Shore company has notified all shippers along its lines that the law providing that cattle must be taken out of the cars and rested after the expiration of twenty-eight hours, will be enforced.

Prof. Alviso B. Stevens, assistant professor of pharmacy of the U. of M., who has been in Europe the past two years on a leave of absence, will return home next month, sailing from London on the 26th.

"Graft is a thing entirely unknown in Japan," said Dr. David Starr Jordan, president of the Leland Stanford university, "and I venture to say that in the present war not \$100 of Japanese war funds have been stolen."

Uncle Sam's oldest civilian employee in point of service is Thomas Harrison, accountant and correspondence clerk of the naval observatory. For fifty-seven years he has worked in the observatory and is an authority on naval observatory history.

Blooded horse breeders and dealers will be much in evidence at the next and subsequent state fairs. A feature of the annual show will be a horse sale, which will make the horse exhibit larger and more attractive and add to the liveliness and interest of the week.

German exports to the United States for the fiscal year ending with the 30th of last June were \$118,302,000, an increase of \$12,000,000 over the previous year, and greater than for any one year except 1893, when there were large special steel exports to this country.

Congressman Charles E. Townsend has written to J. E. Webster, of Wyandotte, stating that the postoffice department will in a few days take up the matter of complete rural mail service for Wayne county. The work will be looked after and planned by C. V. R. Pond, special rural agent.

In the opinion of officials of the treasury department, the amount of money in actual circulation will not be decreased materially by the \$11,000,000 to be paid in under Secretary Shaw's call, which matures tomorrow. It is believed 75 per cent of this money will at once go into national bank circulation.

Prof. Herbert Willett, formerly of the University of Michigan, and now associate professor of semantics at Chicago, told his class recently, according to newspaper reports, that the Bible is a fragmentary work and is inartistic from a literary standpoint. The Chicago newspapers got hold of the statement and Professor Willett was given some advertising.

## COLE-BeGOLLE NUP'TIAL.

Home Wedding at the Residence of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Cole Wednesday Evening.

Twenty-four relatives and friends were present at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Cole, on South street, Chelsea, Wednesday evening, July 19, 1905, to witness the ceremony that united their youngest daughter, Miss N. Ethel, in marriage with W. Augustus BeGole.

Promptly at 8 o'clock the contracting parties took their positions in the parlor and Rev. Thos. Holmes, D. D., used the beautiful ring ceremony that united them in matrimony. The bridesmaid was Miss Anna Walworth, a cousin of the bride, and the best man was LaMont BeGole, brother of the groom.

The bride was gowned in white Paris lawn trimmed with lace, and carried a shower bouquet of sweet peas. The gown of the bridesmaid was of the same material as that of the bride and she also carried a bouquet of sweet peas.

The house was handsomely trimmed with pink and white and profusely decorated with sweet peas and ferns.

Immediately after the ceremony the guests were invited to the dining room, where a dainty three course wedding supper was served.

The young couple are both well known and popular in Chelsea where they have spent most of their lives, and carry with them to their new home the congratulations and best wishes of a host of friends. The newly wedded couple were the recipient of many handsome presents.

The young couple left the same evening for a bridal trip up the lakes. They have a nicely furnished home at 1021 West Huron street, Ann Arbor, and after August 15, will be prepared to receive their friends.

## PLEASANT REUNION.

Twenty-six years ago when the parish school of St. John's Catholic church, Jackson, first opened, the young ladies who were enrolled as students, formed the Theophilus Club, Mrs. John Farrell of Chelsea being one of the members of the organization.

Monday afternoon thirty-three of the ladies who are members of this club, accompanied by Supervisor J. D. Reilly of Jackson, met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Farrell of Chelsea and held a reunion.

The visitors brought with them many viands that it required the services of the delivery wagon of Mr. Farrell to transport them from the electric road to his residence on west Middle street.

The afternoon and evening was spent by the party in reminiscence of their school life and in relating their adventures since their graduation. The feast that had been provided by the host and hostess and their guests, was unusually fine and the visitors all proved themselves apt scholars as epicurians.

## LEFT ESTATE TO HER CHILDREN.

The last will and testament of Cordelia J. Leach, of Lima, who died Sunday, July 9, 1905, has been filed with Judge Leland, at Ann Arbor, to be acted upon by the probate court.

She devised her estate to her five children, Edith, Charles, Roy, Arley and Inez, equally, excepting that to Edith, to whom she had made an advancement, and therefore is not to share in the distribution of the personal property, but in the real estate with her brothers and sister. In case of the death of any of these children, if any child survives the heir, such child or children is to inherit the parent's share and if there is no child, then the parent's share is to go to the co-heirs.

The will is dated, December 8, 1901, and witnessed by D. B. Taylor and C. J. Downer. Jas. L. Gilbert of this place is named as executor.

The son, Arley, died September 28, 1898, from an accident that he received on the M. C. railroad at Essex Centre Ontario.

## KILLED INSTANTLY.

Archie Whitaker, 19 years of age, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Whitaker, a former well known resident of Chelsea, was accidentally killed Saturday morning. The family moved a few years since to White Oak township, but this summer the son has been working in Iosco township. He had arisen early and gone out to do the chores, and later was found in the carriage and corn shed with a wound in the forehead near the left eye, where he had gone with a gun to scare sparrows from the building.

The funeral was held from the home of his parents Monday afternoon at two o'clock, and the remains interred in North Stockbridge cemetery. The deceased was a nephew of Mrs. George Marshall, of Lima.

The Detroit Times is now in its fifth year, and under the able management of James Schermerhorn, a former Hudson boy, has grown to an up-to-date evening paper. Commencing this month it has the exclusive evening newspaper franchise of the Hearst News Syndicate, which makes it equal to any evening paper in the city of Detroit. The management deserves the success they have achieved.

Not a cent wanted, unless you are cured. If you are sick and ailing, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. A great blessing to the human family. Makes you well—keeps you well. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Bank Drug Store.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Will Kress was a Wolf Lake visitor Tuesday.

Miss Tillie Hammel is a Detroit visitor this week.

Carl Bagge of Ypsilanti was a Chelsea visitor Sunday.

Ed. Vogel and wife were Kalamazoo visitors Tuesday.

Wm. Alkinson of Detroit was a Chelsea visitor Sunday.

Fred Roedel and son, Don were Detroit visitors Sunday.

Miss Emilie Heffer of Cadillac is the guest of her parents here.

Mrs. Louis Eisenman and family were Wolf Lake visitors Sunday.

Miss Hazel Speer is the guest of Miss Mildred Atkinson of Detroit.

Miss Isabelle Barthel visited her brother in Jackson last week.

William Winans and wife of Lansing were Chelsea visitors Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Winans is spending some time with her son in Lansing.

Mrs. E. R. Dancer and daughter are the guests of Coldwater relatives.

Miss Lyne Mills of Bridgewater was the guest of her sister here Friday.

Mrs. Deesse Lockwood of Tecumseh spent Sunday with Mrs. A. Johnson.

Miss Rose Oesterle of Jackson is the guest of her mother here this week.

John Farrell and wife spent Tuesday afternoon and evening at Wolf Lake.

Mrs. James Gilbert spent several days of the past week with relatives in Leslie.

Miss Pauline Burg was Sunday the guest of Miss Mary Etienne of Jackson.

O. T. Hoover and wife were Detroit visitors the latter part of the past week.

Miss Flora Heffer of the Cadillac post-office is home for a two weeks vacation.

Henry Mullen of Detroit is spending sometime at the home of his parents here.

Misses Edna and Jennie Ives spent part of last week with relatives at Mason.

Misses Ethel and Beatrice Bacon left Saturday morning for a trip around the lakes.

Mrs. W. Rheinfank, Ella Ruth and Beatrice Hunter were Dexter visitors Wednesday.

James Cooke and wife returned from Crown King, Arizona to their home here last Friday.

Adolph Elsen of Detroit was a guest at the home of George Wackenhut and family Sunday.

E. J. McNamara of Niagara Falls, New York is the guest of Chelsea relatives this week.

Mrs. L. T. Freeman and Misses Florence Caster and Kittie Pickett returned Sunday from their Denver trip.

H. D. Witherell and wife who have been the guests of Manchester relatives for the past three weeks returned to their home here the first of this week.

Bed is not the place for thinking any more than it is the place for repenting. Thinking is guaranteed to keep one wide awake.

The farmers in the vicinity of Ypsilanti are unable to secure sufficient help to assist them with their farm work and are working overtime to take care of their crops.

The amount of salt inspected during the month of June, as shown by the report of the state salt inspector, is as follows: Saginaw county, 13,968 barrels; Bay, 19,386; St. Clair, 144,052; Manistee, 216,110; Mason, 64,411; Wayne, 65,599; total, 616,686 barrels.

Give two kids a hammer and a saw and they'll do more damage than an invading army. Well, cousin Bud and Archibald started out to do some carpenter work the other day and there was something doing for sure. The artist has pictured the story in next week's funny section in a way to make a wooden Indian laugh. Get a copy.

Grass Lake people have stopped visiting Wolf Lake via Hawks-Angus trolley line, over which it costs 40 cents. Those who do take in that resort avail themselves of their own conveyances.

When the Boland line was in operation a round trip ticket could be bought for 15 cents. Besides the higher price those from here have to go the roundabout way via Michigan Center. This takes two-thirds as long again as under the Boland system.

Word has been received from Prof. Frederick R. Gorton of the Normal college faculty Ypsilanti that he has successfully passed the examination at the University of Berlin, Germany, and received the degree of doctor of philosophy, July 7. He is a graduate of the Normal college and of the University of Michigan, and is instructor in physics at the Normal. For the past two years he has been studying at Berlin, and his discoveries concerning the influence of radium on certain subjects have attracted much attention from German scientists and revolutionized several supposedly established theories. Prof. Gorton and family will sail for home July 29. The many friends of Prof. Gorton in this vicinity will be pleased to learn of his success. He is the youngest son of Henry Gorton of this place.

## BOARD OF COUNTY AUDITORS.

July session of the Board of County Auditors, 1905.

The Board of Auditors met in the Auditor's room in the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, in regular session.

Present, George H. Fischer, chairman, Frank E. Stowell and William Bacon.

The board met in regular session Monday, July 3, 1905, and after considering bills, on motion of William Bacon, adjourned until Monday, July 10, 1905.

The following bills were audited, allowed and warrants ordered:

Alfred Drew, marshal.....	\$ 24 84
Athens Press, printing.....	12 50
Kenny & Quinn, supplies.....	11 83
A. E. Gibson, justice.....	31 35
John C. Fischer, supplies.....	1 45
A. A. Plant, Richmond & Backus Co., bookbinding.....	65
Athens Press, supplies.....	12 50
Richmond & Backus Co., blanks	2 50
Wesley Robinson, jr., justice.....	5 24
William G. Doty, jr., justice.....	36 10
C. M. Warner, deputy sheriff.....	9 50
Frank Joslyn, justice.....	11 75
H. E. Ferguson, deputy sheriff.....	52 70
Frank T. Newton, sheriff.....	80 12
Glen V. Mills Directory Co., directories.....	21 00
John Lawson, register of deeds, indexing discharges of mortgages.....	18 70
Charles F. Meyers, letter heads board of auditors.....	1 50
Abbott Machine Co., check machine.....	10 00
Edward Thompson Co., books.....	15 00
Washtenaw Home Telephone Co., call.....	10
Richmond & Backus Co., liber register of deeds office.....	40 00
Tom W. Mingay, printing.....	5 00
Charles King, supplies.....	4 20
George Wahr, supplies.....	6 05
Michigan State Telephone Co., service.....	8 03
A. E. Mummery, supplies.....	1 70
Athens Press, printing.....	3 50
Geo. H. Jackson, board of prisoners.....	2 25
Ed. Doersam, deputy sheriff.....	2 00
H. R. Pattengill, school commissioner supplies.....	5 00
William S. Pufnam, justice of the peace.....	13 50
A. E. Gibson, justice of the peace.....	20 25
Marvin Davenport, grading.....	3 00
Ann Arbor Water Co., water.....	26 33
Frank T. Newton, sheriff.....	9 00
Geo. H. Jackson, board of prisoners.....	3 00
Wm. P. Flynn, assigned to Wm. Rhode, cement walk.....	443 40
Washtenaw L. & P. Co., light.....	40 2
Glen Seymour, deputy sheriff.....	6 00
L. C. Jackson, medical services.....	27 00
R. J. Cleveland, kerosene oil.....	55
A. G. Mesic, M. D., medical services.....	12 00
Charles King & Co., supplies.....	12 60
Duane Spalsbury, supplies.....	159 50
Ypsilanti Daily Press, printing.....	7 35
F. J. Muehlig, soldier's burial.....	40 00
St. Joseph Retreat, insane patient William Eldert, taking prisoner to Detroit H. of C.....	6 40
Geo. H. Fischer, auditor.....	15 00
Heinzmann & Laubengayer, wood.....	2 50
A. A. Plant, Richmond & Backus Co., printing.....	2 00
William Bacon, auditor.....	17 52
Frank Stowell, auditor.....	16 80
Mrs. John Robtoy, board.....	24 00
Otto Rohm, deputy game warden.....	12 60
Otto Rohm, deputy game warden.....	8 30
Otto Rohm, deputy game warden.....	13 20
H. J. Brown, supplies.....	18 50
Otto Rohm, deputy game warden.....	25 38
Otto Rohm, deputy game warden.....	22 11
Dr. Loree, medical services.....	5 00

By Auditor Bacon:

Resolved, that the clerk be directed to prepare the proceedings of the board for this month and have the same printed in the Ypsilanti Press, Ann Arbor Times and Chelsea Standard, price to be 35 cents per folio for each paper.

Yea—Bacon and Stowell. Nays—None.

On motion, board adjourned.

GEORGE H. FISCHER, Chairman. JAS. E. HARKINS, Clerk.

John O. Zabel, promoter of the Michigan & Ohio electric railway, which will run from Toledo to Ann Arbor, has been closing up right-of-way contracts which the company needs in Washtenaw county.

Mr. Zabel says that the contracts with the property owners along the proposed route in the county have nearly all been secured.

The company now has a force of men at work between Dundee and Petersburg and between the latter place and Toledo, he states, the work is being pushed as fast as possible.

The contractor has bound himself to have the grading for the entire line completed before winter closes in and primary attention is now being directed to the early completion of the heavy grades and bridges where the road crosses the Raisin river.

As soon as all the necessary right-of-way contracts are secured in Washtenaw county the contract for grading the roadbed is to be sublet to other contractors.

Work has begun in the company's power house at Petersburg.

Some months ago when the promoters of electric railways to Ann Arbor were asking the Ann Arbor city council for franchises, there was incorporated in the franchises granted a provision that the grantees should deposit with the city clerk a bond of \$10,000, the faithful performance of its part of the contract.

Two franchises were granted, but up to date no bonds have been filed in either case and the question arises whether the failure to comply with the requirements of the grant in this particular has not invalidated the franchises.

A woman who is subject to burning feet should never wear heelless slippers about her room.

## CORRESPONDENCE

## LIMA CENTER

Mrs. C. Forner was a Sylvan visitor Sunday.

Mrs. F. Romer is entertaining her mother from Toledo.

George Turner of Toledo spent Sunday with Mrs. Wade.

W. Foor and wife spent Sunday with J. Strleter and family.

W. W. Wedemeyer and wife of Ann Arbor called at the home of J. Kline Friday.

Mrs. Geo. A. Turner son John, of Toledo, Ohio, are spending few weeks with her mother, Mrs. J. H. Wade.

## FRANCISCO.

George Scherer and Carl Plowe spent Sunday at Waterloo.

Mrs. Ashley Holden, jr., spent Wednesday with her sister.

Mrs. C. Gage of Sharon visited her mother here Wednesday.

Lewis Seeger spent Sunday at Waterloo with Clarence Lehman.

P. Neilson and wife are entertaining her sister and family from Detroit.

Mrs. Benter and daughter of Jackson spent Sunday with P. Schwenfuth and family.

Misses Edith Gares and Jennie Smith of West Unity, Ohio are the guests of Rev. and Mrs. Lanz.

## MANCHESTER ROAD.

Aggie Cook spent Sunday at home.

Bertha and William Hawley were in Sharon Sunday.

Mrs. Lizzie Smith is a guest at the home of R. P. Chase.

Anna Wenk visited her parents in Freedom the latter part of the past week.

Messrs. Linehart and Wellhoff spent Sunday with George Meinhold of Jerusalem.

Miss Minerva Updike spent a few days of the past week at the home of E. S. Spaulding.

Sunday George Haarer was the guest of Miss Lena Riley, who is spending some time in Detroit.

J. P. Everett left Friday for Y. M. C. A. camp at Wampler's lake where he takes charge of the boys.

Last Sunday as I took a pleasure ride I noticed everyone trying to keep cool. Why some were sitting on the fence and their feet in the horse tank.

## WEST MANCHESTER.

Kate Trultz is visiting her brother, Frank Trultz.

Florence Reno, of Sharon, spent Sunday with Gladys Matteson.

Frank Riley, of Cement City, was in these parts one day last week.

Mrs. Nellie Dalka and daughter, of Detroit, are the guests of Richard Green.

There will be an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bowles next Saturday evening.

Carl Huber, while at Wampler Lake one day recently, had his bicycle tire slashed with a knife by some unknown person.

Huckleberries are ripe and the marshes are open. The small marshes will get the most pickers this year for the larger ones are like lakes.

One night recently the young people held a dance in Mr. Valentine's new barn. Refreshments were served and all who were present had a very good time.

## SYLVAN.

Elmer Gage spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. C. E. Loree is on the sick list.

Jacob Heselshwerdt spent Sunday in Grass Lake.

Michael Heselshwerdt was a Jackson visitor Saturday.

Charles Lemm of Grass Lake is working for Clarence Gage.

Gertrude Cook is the guest of Grass Lake friends this week.

Henry Reno and wife were guests of Lewis Hayes and family.

Mrs. Christine of Niles is the guest of her father, Gottlieb Wasser.

Glessner Whitaker of Ontario is the guest of his brother, Burleigh.

Miss Lemm of Grass Lake was the guest of Mrs. Albert Cooke last week.

Mrs. Ashley Holden was the guest of her sister, Mrs. H. Harvey Wednesday.

Mrs. Clarence Gage spent last Wednesday with her mother, Mrs. H. Main.

Mrs. M. Heselshwerdt and daughter Lizzie were Jackson visitors Wednesday.

Gottlieb Rickett of Lansing called at the home of George Wasser last Thursday.

Misses Mamie and Clara Reno spent Monday with their sister, Mrs. Herman Hayes.

Jacob and Emma Fahrner have been guests of their brother Edward and family.

A. L. Holden who has been spending the past week in Cleveland has returned home.

Geo. Wasser and wife, Mrs. Christine and Henry Page spent Sunday with Frank Page and wife.

## WATERLOO.



LEAVE orders at The Standard office  
for book binding.



## Cure For The Blues

ONE MEDICINE THAT HAS NEVER FAILED

Health Fully Restored and the Joy of Life Regained

When a cheerful, brave, light-hearted woman is suddenly plunged into that perfection of misery, the BLUES, it is a sad picture. It is usually this way: She has been feeling "out of sorts."



For some time, head has ached and back also; has slept poorly, been quite nervous, and nearly fainted once or twice; head dizzy, and heart-beats very fast; then that bearing-down feeling, and during her menstrual period she is exceedingly despondent. Nothing pleases her. Her doctor says: "Cheer up; you have dyspepsia; you will be all right soon."

But she doesn't get "all right," and hope vanishes; then comes the brooding, morbid, melancholy, everlasting BLUES.

Don't wait until your sufferings have driven you to despair, with your nerves all shattered and your courage gone, but take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. See what it did for Mrs. Rosa Adams, of 819 12th Street, Louisville, Ky., niece of the late General Roger Hanson, C.S.A. She writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"I cannot tell you with pen and ink what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I suffered with female troubles, extreme lassitude, 'the blues,' nervousness and that all-gone feeling. I was advised to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it not only cured my female derangement, but it has restored me to perfect health and strength. The buoyancy of my younger days has returned, and I do not suffer any longer with despondency, as I did before. I consider Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a boon to sick and suffering women."

If you have some derangement of the female organism write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice.

The early bird catches the worm, but he gets it in the neck.

## Have You a Father or Mother

Whose advanced years have caused a general weakened condition of their bodily functions, causing indigestion, constipation, sluggish or torpid liver or impoverished blood? There is a remedy in the wide world that will tone up the worn-out system like Marlin's Cascara Chocolate Tablets. By their tonic effect upon the tiny cells that constitute the muscular coat of the bowels the loss of tone is repaired, the normal secretions are stimulated, the circulation of good healthy blood in the intestinal walls is re-established, and instead of a sluggish, unhealthy state of the whole digestive apparatus, the patient is restored to his old-time vigor. These tablets are purely vegetable and can be taken without any nauseating effect into the most delicate stomach. Write at once to the person to try these tablets at our expense. Send us your name and address and we will gladly mail you a free sample. Put up in metal boxes, 25 doses, 25 cents at druggists. MARVIN REMEDY CO., Detroit, Mich.

Dress is sometimes a matter of form and form is often a matter of dress.

FITS permanently cured. No fit or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE BOOK and 50¢ bottle. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 311 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The best and safest bower for true love is a cottage.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, the Great Kidney and Liver Cure. World Famous. Write Dr. Kennedy's Sons, London, N.Y., for free sample bottle.

Good Lord, didn't thou make us for thy angels' jester?

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENDLEY, Vanburien, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Even angel cake can bring a dyspeptic devilish dreams.

Mrs. Winslow's Sooling Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, always cures wind colic. 25¢ a bottle.

"Yes" Churches School Houses and Homes ought to be decorated and made beautiful and healthful by using

Alabastine THE SANITARY WALL COATING

A Rock Cement in white and beautiful tints. Does not rub or scale. Destroys disease germs and vermin. No washing of walls after once applied. Any one can brush it on—mix with cold water. Plain tinting and whitening, and the most elaborate relief, stencil work, painting and spotting walls, ceilings, etc. Such finishes must be washed off every year—costly filthy work. Buy Alabastine in five-pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design. "Hints on Decorating and our artists' services in making color plans, free."

ALABASTINE COMPANY, Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

DAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC FOR WOMEN

troubled with it is peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local sores.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for use as douches.

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES. For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box. Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free. THE S. PATTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and house flies—no stinging, no sleeping-room and places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat, will not soil or irritate. Try them once, you will never be without them. Get them by mail, sent prepaid for 50¢ a box. Send for 50¢ a box. Mrs. S. S. Adams, Brooklyn, N.Y.

## A Silly Song

Two noblemen at breakfast,  
Once face to face were set;  
And one of them was hungry,  
And one was deep in debt.  
The latter was the one who  
The bill for both would get.  
Because this little breakfast  
The payment of a bet.  
"My stars and garters!" whispered  
The host, "I've never met  
So terrible an appetite—  
Just see that fellow let  
His belt out two more notches,  
And wolf that omelette!"

And I, who stood and watched them,  
Went tear drops, big and wet,  
Of laughter—for 'twas funny,  
And makes me giggle yet.  
Oh, surely I shall never  
That joyous sight forget—  
To see that worried viscount  
The eggs the baronet!

—Cleveland Leader.

## A SHATTERED IDOL

BY CHARLES W. CUNO

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

He was such a reckless dare devil of a man, this Jack Langdon, who wooed by main strength and would not take "No" for an answer.

"Meet me," he had written. "Meet me at the Savoy reception. Afterward we will go to the cotillion and from there—"

He had left the rest expressively blank.

Pearl Horton had read the note once, twice, and again many times. At first she was angry, what woman would not be, but then she could not help recalling the gay way other women of her set talked about their flirtations.

"Why not?" she asked herself. "Why not?" she repeated so often as she dressed herself to go that she had questioned herself into consent. She was dressed and ready, when, why was it, that at the last moment her husband should say in his firm, quiet way that she feared to cross—

"Pearl, I wish you to go with me to the opera to-night. Will you be pleased?"

"No I won't," she exclaimed, "I have made other engagements."

"Never mind," he said tenderly, "let the other engagements go. I do so wish you to go with me to-night."

Visions of Jack Langdon disappearing, came to her mind and she exclaimed petulantly, "You're the most exasperating, unaccountable man I ever met."

Dr. Horton was a man with a broad and liberal mind. He loved his wife and he studied her moods. He saw with what innocent pleasure she played with the fire and resolved that, if he could help her and stand between her and temptation, he would. In the club that day, he had heard something, a bit of Langdon's barroom bragado, probably, augmented by rumor.

On the impulse of the moment his first thought was to seek out this man and give him a sound thrashing, but better council prevailed. Nor did he go home and raise a fuss with his wife. He was far too good a general for that.

"There, there, my dear," he said, with a touch of finality in his voice, "We shall go to the reception afterward, if you like. What do you say, sweetheart?"

Mrs. Norton accepted the inevitable with bad grace and bounced out of the room almost in tears. "There's no help for it, I suppose," she exclaimed and sat down to pen Jack a note. It read:

"Dear Jack;  
That dolt of a husband of mine, to-night of all nights in the world, wants me to go to the opera. There's no help for it. I guess I must go. You will forgive me, will you not? Write me when I will see you again."

"As ever,  
P."

Dr. Horton, waiting in the hallway below, heard the door slam on the

"No, I won't!" she exclaimed.

hurrying maid that carried the note to Langdon and the deep furrows on his brow relaxed a little.

Perhaps, who knows, he knew also of another note that reached his enemy's hand at about the same time. It read:

"Dearest Jackie;  
"Do come down to see me to-night. Meet me at the stage door at twelve and we will have a time. Yours ever, "Clissey."

"P. S. Shall we go to Vane's? Don't forget a bunch of flowers, now will you? That's a dear boy."

Nine o'clock saw the Hortons in their box and Pearl enjoyed herself in spite of her vexation. But Dr. Horton was waiting patiently for the close, and when they entered their carriage again he said to the driver, "Vane's."

## TERROR OF FRENCH HEELS.

Doctors Tell of Harm Done by This Foolish Fashion in Shoes.

"You might as well turn the stream of a garden hose against the wind, in the hope of stopping the blow, as to attempt to convince the average woman that the high French heel is injurious," said a practitioner whose patients are women almost exclusively to the New York Press, "but doctors see every day illustrations of the harm done by this absurd and, I may say, abominable following of a fashionable fad. The high heel, I mean the ridiculous high heel, which lifts the rear cushion of the foot four inches from the ground and pitches the body forward in direct defiance of the laws of nature. No woman who wears these abominations can expect to maintain an erect carriage and when that becomes impossible she may as well prepare herself for a sunken, scrawny throat as she grows older. The women of early Greece who wore sandals and let the soles of their feet lie flat on the ground were noted for their beautiful throats and busts. Ugly as our Indian squaws are in facial contour, their bust development is perfect, because they breathe naturally and the healthful and natural expansion of the lungs gives them a fullness and beauty at the throat that their civilized sisters would give anything to possess, but they never will get it so long as they attempt to imitate the kangaroo and strain muscles—never intended to have such a burden put on them."

Next we find that the hogs are not left a sufficient length of time in the dipping solution and care is not taken to have the solution come in contact with every part of the skin. On the lining of the ears hundreds of mites may be congregated and unless these parts are thoroughly attended to the hordes from such spots will speedily reinfest the entire body. When hogs are placed in the dipping tank they should be thoroughly scrubbed from head to foot with the solution and it should contain liberal quantities of flowers of sulphur. The ears should receive particular attention, and no spot of the skin should be allowed to escape.

But even this careful and thorough work will not eradicate mange, if the dipped hogs are at once turned into filthy pens or yards or are allowed to immediately cover themselves with mud and filth in ancient, germ-infested wallows. Newly dipped hogs on the contrary should be turned upon clean grass pasture or into clean, disinfected, whitewashed pens. They should also be sheltered in rainy weather, as rains falling upon the hog that has just left the dipping tank will be certain to remove some of the dip that would otherwise prove effective in protecting the hog against reinfestation.

There is still another reason for failure in the treatment of mange of hogs and that is failure to dip them again in from three to ten days. The first dipping will not kill all of the eggs (nits) of the parasites and may fail to reach all of the mature mites, so that a second dipping is absolutely necessary to destroy the mites that hatch out in from three to five days from the eggs left upon the skin. In all bad outbreaks of the disease it may be necessary to dip more than twice as an extra precaution, and indeed the dipping should be repeated at once when there is the slightest indication of skin irritation in even one hog. And now comes an important consideration. This one hog will soon reinfest the entire bunch and may have recommenced the trouble by the time its individual case is observed. For this reason it will be necessary to dip the entire herd of hogs lest the disease again take hold. Failure in curing the disease often comes from neglect of this precaution.

When the disease makes itself manifest the owner separates the hogs seen to be affected and after dipping them considers that he has done everything necessary. On the contrary he should have dipped all of his hogs, upon general principles, and unless he does so he will find it impossible to rid his herd of the pest. We strongly advise in the same connection that when it is found necessary to dip a herd of hogs, on account of the presence of mange or lice or other skin disease, all of the animals should be turned out of doors and the houses and pens be given a thorough cleansing, disinfecting and whitewashing. The hogs are then to be dipped and may then be put back into their cleansed houses. If this practice is followed there will be far less trouble, not only in ridding the herd of parasitic skin disease, but of keeping the animals from becoming reinfested.—A. S. Alexander in Farmers' Review.

Harvesting Grain

To properly cut and shock a crop of oats and wheat is in our opinion one of the most particular jobs on the farm and one in which there are many leaks. In an experience of thirty years we learned some things which cost us money and it by giving our experience we can help others to avoid them. We shall have accomplished some good at least. Of course everybody now cuts wheat and oats with a self-blinder. Wheat may be cut several days earlier than many are in the habit of cutting. If it stands up straight we are always anxious to get it cut as soon as possible for fear of its being blown down. Wheat may be safely cut as soon as the grain is in what is called "dough." We have seen it cut when the grain could be mashed between the thumb and finger and when threshing time came it was the brightest and plumpest wheat on the farm.

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amount is to be cut it will pay to keep the machine going from morning until night without stopping it at dinner time. It is not practical to start early in the morning on account of the dew, but when the ground is once dry and the machine is started it should never be stopped till nearly or quite sundown. In this way 20 to 22 and even 25 acres can be cut in a single day with one machine. This will necessitate using two sets of horses and several extra men. If the driver will arrange the changing of teams at a time when the shockers are at the end to help him it will materially push things along. While the shockers change the horses the driver can oil the machine and in this way several rounds more may be cut in a day than if the driver changes the horses alone. We always kept a horse and buggy with a boy to drive it in the field and had him carry the water jug, twine, hatchet and such tools as we were likely to need.

Ride through the country and see the indifferent manner in which the shocks of grain are put up and you will not wonder that so much wheat goes to market in a damaged condition. It is possible to shock wheat so that it will stand two or three weeks of wet weather and yet come out unbleached and undamaged. To make a shock properly set two bundles down hard and close together, then set the others round and round, slanting the outside bundles in at the top slightly. Be sure that as many are on the one side as on the other. Press the heads together by clamping the arm around the top of the shock hard and tight. Then select two bundles that are bound nearer the butt than the top, break them well and put them on top at right angles with each other, the heads of the last one on the south and west side extending well down the sides. You then have a shock that will always turn water and will seldom blow off. We usually put about 14 bundles in a shock. If a storm should come up and blow off some of the caps, go over the field at once and put them on before they dry or they will not stay on.

If the above directions are followed carefully it will save much extra time and no small amount of grain. If it does not rain the poorly shocked grain will keep as well as the carefully shocked, but it may rain and if you only get one wet harvest in eight or ten, the amount saved will amply repay you for all the extra time and labor spent in putting up the shocks well. To shock grain well requires more help than to shock it indifferently. We always said to our men, "Now, this is the way I want this done and if two of you can't do it I will get three and if three can't do it I will get four. I want it done well, no matter how many men it takes." One reaper, six horses, and four men, with a boy to carry water, can cut 100 acres of wheat in a week and do it well, and if necessary 125 may be cut in a week.—A. M. Caldwell in Farmers' Review.

Coming Big Dairies

We have seen during the last twenty-five years the great development of the creamery idea, but we have not yet seen the full development of the dairy idea. While the creamery business has been advancing the dairy business has been standing still. By dairy we mean the milking of cows and making of butter on the farm.

But in the future we shall see great dairies develop and we are not sure that the time will not come when the farm dairy will be a more important factor in the commercial butter world than the creamery is at the present time. The dairy has all the advantage of the creamery if the question of milking many cows on one farm can be settled to the advantage of the cowkeeper.

Up to the present time it has been found difficult to keep milkers enough to milk the large numbers of cows that should be kept on a farm to make the business profitable. The production of milk has been chiefly on farms where men were hired for other purposes than milking, and milked as a part of their work only. Frequently the whole family takes part in the operation of milking, so doing the work in a short time.

It is evident that we will never have very large farm dairies till we have in some manner solved the question of labor for the milking time. Much is to be hoped for from the persistent efforts of some inventors to place on the market milking machines that will do the work of milking perfectly and will not at the same time dry up the cows.

We never will get perfect butter from the creamery, though the butter made in the creamery will continue to be of a higher quality than the average of butter made on the farm. But with a perfectly ordered farm dairy it is possible to have all the conditions of butter making under the eye of the farmer. He can see that the grasses in the pasture are the proper grasses, that the stables are kept perfectly clean, that all utensils are without dirt, and that the cream is separated in a proper place and in a proper manner. Pasteurization, so necessary in the creamery, though little practiced in this country, is not necessary in the farm dairy, where all the milk and conditions are just right for the making of pure butter.

Pure-bred fowls are so cheap that it is a mistake to attempt to develop a good breed with a foundation of scrubs. Grading up is not as necessary as it is with cattle and horses, where the pure breeds bring fancy prices.

Getting Rid of Mange

Many swine breeders are complaining that they have failed to cure mange among their hogs by dipping them in a solution of coal tar dip that has given others the best of results. They consequently blame the dip, whereas they are themselves to blame for lack of success. Investigation of such cases usually discloses the fact that the hogs have been put into the dip in a filthy condition and merely walked through it or given a swabbing with a brush wet with the solution. The lack of success in such instances is due to the fact that the backs of the hogs and their skin in general are thickly coated with mud and crusts, under which millions of mites are burrowing. The dip cannot possibly attack and kill mites thus protected. The crusts and mud must first be got rid of and then the dip will prove effective.

He Found the Private Still.

My father is Dean Bowman, an old newspaper man, now living in retirement on his farm, The Points, and he tells this on himself:

"Once upon a time I was doing the exchanges on a Boston daily when I ran across this item in a small Granite state weekly: 'We are credibly informed that a private still exists out in the suburbs.'"

"Visions of a good feature article, a great scoop and the \$50 which the government offers for information of moonshining flashed through my mind and made me quickly decide to ask for a leave and hurry to the New Hampshire hills."

"On my arrival at the end of a 100 mile journey I hurried to make my errand known to the kindly editor, and after he got through laughing he said: 'The item is literally true, but it was about a young fellow in the outskirts, belonging to Company A, who ran for corporal, got beaten and is a private still.'"

Burial of Napoleon.

Yes, bury me deep in the infinite sea, Let my heart have a limitless grave; For my spirit in life was as fierce and free

As the course of the tempest-wave. As far from the stretch of all earthly control Were the fathomless depths of my mind; And the ebbs and flows of my single soul Were as tides to the rest of mankind.

Then my briny pall shall ensnare the world, As in life did the voice of my fame; And each mutinous billow that's skyward curled Shall seem to re-echo my name.

That name shall be storied in annals of crime, In the uttermost corners of earth; Now breathed as a curse—now a spell word of evil— In the glorified land of my birth.

Al, plunge my dark heart in the infinite sea. It would burst from a narrower tomb; Shall less than ocean his sepulchre be; Whose mandate to millions was doom!

Noted For Her Beauty.

The countess of Northbrook, until a short while ago better known as Viscountess Baring, is looked upon as one of the handsomest women in London society. During the life of the late earl, says the Tatler, she always spent much of her time with him at his country home in Hampshire, and there shone as the most brilliant hostess in the country, arranging the shooting parties entirely herself and superintending the very smallest detail as to the comfort of her father-in-law's guests. The earl was devoted to her and was never tired of showing off her portraits and pictures, of which he had no fewer than fifty different kinds, and always talked of her as his "beautiful daughter-in-law."

Sanitariums for Plants.

The latest in New York is sanitariums for plants. They are to be found in the uptown neighborhoods where families are in the habit of going away for the summer, boarding up their houses and dispensing with the services of a caretaker. Many of these families do not hesitate to leave the cats that have protected their houses from mice all winter to find either their living in the streets or stragulation in the pound when the house is closed for the summer; but they would never dream of leaving their pet plants to starve. Fashionable florists do not like the term "boarding places for plants." The signs in their windows read "sanitariums for plants."

Taken at His Word.

Once in a Massachusetts town Jacob A. Rils was asked by a gaunt, familiar sort of chap what he should say by way of introducing him to an assemblage. "Oh," replied Mr. Rils, in a spirit of levity, "say anything you like. Say I am the most distinguished man in the country. They generally do."

Whereupon his serious-minded friend marched upon the stage and calmly announced that he did not know this man Rils, whom he was charged to introduce, and had never heard of him.

"He tells," he went on, with never a wink, "that he is the most distinguished citizen in the country. You can judge for yourselves when you have heard him."

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Pure-bred fowls are so cheap that it is a mistake to attempt to develop a good breed with a foundation of scrubs. Grading up is not as necessary as it is with cattle and horses, where the pure breeds bring fancy prices.

## THE TEACHER'S PROBLEM

A LIFE ALWAYS THREATENED BY NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

One Who Broke Down from Six Years' Overwork Tells How She Regained Her Health by the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"I had been teaching in the schools steadily for six years," said Mrs. W. W. Jackson, "and I was in the habit of which was driven by nervous collapse has attracted attention, and were greatly overworked, especially the primary department of which I was in charge, and I had been doing the work of two teachers. The strain was much for my nerves and two years ago the crisis came."

"I was prostrated mentally and physically, sent in my resignation and was expected to be able to resume work. It seemed to me then that I was the miserable woman on earth. I was tormented by nervous headaches, worn out inability to sleep, and had so much blood that I was as white as chalk."

"After my active life, it was hard to bear idleness, and terribly discouraging to keep paying out the savings of years for medicines which did me no good."

"How did you get back your health?"

"A bare chance and a lot of faith in me to a cure. After I had suffered many months, and when I was on the verge of despair, I happened to read an account of some cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The statements were so convincing that I was how felt assured that these pills would help me. Most people, I think, buy one box for a trial, but I purchased boxes at once, and when I had used them up, I was indeed well and had need of more medicine."

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enriched my thin blood, gave me back my sleep, stored my appetite, gave me strength to walk long distances without fatigue, freed me from all my numerous ailments. I have already taught for several months, and I cannot say enough in praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."







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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
General Law practice in all courts. No-  
tary Public in the office. Phone 63.  
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Dr. H. H. Avery

You will find only up-to-date methods  
used, accompanied by the much needed  
experience that crown and bridge work  
requires.  
Prices as reasonable as first-class work  
can be done.  
Office, over Raftery's Tailor Shop.

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Office in Kempf Commercial & Savings  
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**TONSORIAL PARLORS**  
Shaving, hair cutting, shampooing, etc.,  
executed in first-class style. Razors  
sharpened.  
Shop in the Boyd block, Main street.

H. S. Holmer, pres. C. H. Kempf, vice pres.  
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—NO. 283—

## THE KEMPF COMMERCIAL &amp; SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL \$40,000.  
Commercial and Savings Departments. Money  
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Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmer, C. H.  
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Geo. A. BeGoie, Ed. Vogel.

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**FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.**  
FINE FUNERAL FURNISHINGS.  
Calls answered promptly night or day.  
Chelsea Telephone No. 6.  
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Dates made at this office.

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GENERAL AUCTIONEER.  
Satisfaction Guaranteed. For infor-  
mation call at Standard office or address  
Gregory, Mich., r. f. d. 2. Phone con-  
nection. Auction bills and tin cups fur-  
nished free.

## OLIVE LODGE NO. 156, F. &amp; A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge,  
No. 156, F. & A. M. for 1905,  
Jan. 17, Feb. 14, March 14, April  
18, May 16, June 13, July 11, Aug. 8,  
Sept. 12, Oct. 10, Nov. 7. Annual  
meeting and election of officers Dec. 5.  
C. W. MARONEY, Sec.

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."  
Time Card, taking effect, June 18, 1905.

TRAINS EAST:  
No. 6—Detroit Night Express 5:38 a. m.  
No. 36—Atlantic Express 7:55 a. m.  
No. 12—G. R. and Kalamazoo 10:40 a. m.  
No. 2—Mail 3:37 p. m.

TRAINS WEST:  
No. 11—Mich. express 8:25 a. m.  
No. 5—Mail 9:40 a. m.  
No. 13—G. R. and Kalamazoo 6:45 p. m.  
No. 37—Pacific Express 10:52 p. m.

\*Nos. 11, 36 and 37 stop on signal only  
to let off and take on passengers.  
O. W. RUGGLES, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt.  
W. T. Klauke, Agent.

## D. Y. A. A. &amp; J. RAILWAY.

SPECIAL CARS—BLUE SIGN.  
Leave Chelsea for Detroit at 7:29 a. m. and  
every two hours until 11:29 p. m.  
Leave Chelsea for Jackson at 8:59 a. m. and  
every two hours until 11:29 p. m.

LOCAL CARS.  
Leave Chelsea for Detroit at 6:39 a. m. and  
every two hours until 10:39 p. m.  
Leave Chelsea for Jackson at 7:50 a. m. and  
every two hours until 11:29 p. m.  
Leave Chelsea for Ypsilanti at 12:09 a. m.

Special cars for the accommodation of private  
parties may be arranged for at the Ypsilanti  
office.  
Cars run on Standard time.  
On Sundays the first cars leave terminals  
one hour later.  
Saline Branch cars will connect with Special  
cars going East and West at Ypsilanti.

Jackson & Battle Creek  
Traction Co.

For Battle Creek & Kalamazoo  
In effect May 14th, 1905.

Excursion rates every Sunday.  
Limited west from Jackson—7:45 a. m.,  
10:00 a. m., 12 noon, 2 p. m., 4 p. m.,  
6 p. m., 7:50 p. m., 9:45 p. m.

Locals west from Jackson—6:00 a. m.,  
9:35 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 1:20 p. m., 3:20 p. m.,  
5:20 p. m., 6:55 p. m., 8:30 p. m.,  
11:30 p. m.

## Eczema

Skin diseases. Old Sores cured  
with "Hermit" Salve. Results  
talk 25 and 50c. All druggists.  
Free trial. Hermit Remedy Co., Chicago.

Cool—Comfort—Cheap  
are the rides on the Jackson & Battle  
Creek Traction Co. line. Cars every hour,  
rates awful low. Tryrida.

## BALL PLAYERS.

They grow corn—lots of it—over in  
Illinois. There is promise of a fine crop  
this year, too. But what is the subject  
of corn along side the news that is the  
heart of the youth of our own state,  
is in the right place.

The writer happened on the evidence  
in the case last Saturday. The ac-  
commodation on the C. P. & St. L. was  
just leaving Havana to have its way  
through the corn fields and wheat stub-  
ble to the southward, when there piled  
through the rear door of the last coach  
a nondescript aggregation of youthful  
ball tossers, ranging in age from nine to  
thirteen years, and they certainly were  
bent on doing the stunts of the national  
game just as the big boys do it. They  
reminded the writer of the bunch J. J.  
Rafferty took one summer to the picnic  
at Pinckney. Every lad was a storage  
battery of enthusiasm. The day was  
warm—most everyone said, "Hot,"—and  
the passengers generally not only ad-  
mired, but really envied, the three  
piece manner of dress. A thin cap,  
a shirt and the legally required  
trousers of blue jeans. The youngsters  
who were to play first base and catch  
were shoes—one without stockings.  
But this was not because they believed  
in shoes, but because they could use  
them in their business stopping low  
thrown balls. One or two others had  
an outfit in the way of a red cotton  
fannel "uniform." The "uniform" was  
not for the sake of uniformity, but that  
the wearer might more nearly feel he  
was playing the real game.

There were ten of them. The sub-  
stitute, who might be required as well  
to umpire or carry water, but he felt  
big. He was simply water-logged, so  
to speak, with his own importance. It  
was learned that "Fritz" his other  
name is not important—their best  
pitcher, was not along. Green apples,  
as well as corn, grow in Illinois, though  
this is not how the boys told it.

There was discovered, as well, an out-  
cropping of the instinct for politics.  
"Billy" was bound he would be catcher  
—seemed to feel a pipe line connected  
that particular position with a well of  
glory—but the "fellers" wanted "Cod-  
fish" McGann to catch, "Cause if he  
did we can scoop 'em sure," and so they  
placated "Billy" by making him captain  
if he would play "first." It was on this  
basis they were going into the fight.

The whole "team," with the exception  
of an overflow of two, herded into two  
seats facing one another. The con-  
ductor was the right sort and how he  
shouted when he found them. Some  
paid and some had return tickets, but  
there were no "dead beats." Those  
that received receipts for their cash  
fares gravely inspected them and tuck-  
ed them away to be forgotten.

The place of their destination was  
soon reached and off the train they  
flew. And there, just as sure as taxes,  
was the manager of the opposing team  
to meet them. He shook hand around  
with the same professional air that  
used to characterize the greetings of  
Manager McLaren back in the days  
when Chelsea flocked to the standard  
of the Junior Stars. There was one  
other on hand to do the honors, prob-  
ably the manager's trusty lieutenant,  
but he couldn't quite bring himself into  
action; for, in getting through the barb  
wire fence, he became caught at the  
unhappy position of one of his garments  
where the farmer's big dog is supposed  
to bite, according to fiction, when one  
has been "cooning" peaches.

The train moved away and the boys  
and a water tank and a grain elevator  
went out of sight in the dust behind,  
but the jolly, fat conductor, with a  
smile like a vaudeville comedian, and  
an alpacas coat, looked rearward to the  
scene of the fun, gazing past, perhaps,  
into the days when he too was a real  
boy.

## G. CLOVER STIMPINS.

Beautify your complexion with little  
cost. If you wish a smooth, clear,  
cream like complexion, rosy cheeks,  
laughing eyes, take Hollister's Rocky  
Mountain Tea, greatest beautifier known.  
35 cents. Bank Drug Store.

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague.  
Most everybody afflicted in one way or  
another. Only one safe, never failing  
cure. Doan's Ointment. At any drug  
store, 50 cents.

For backache and kidney disorders  
take Celery King, the tonic-laxative. It  
will relieve you very quickly, for Celery  
King is the great cure for backache as  
well as headache.

Subscribe for The Standard.

## You Risk Nothing.

Thousands of testimonials from those cured of  
dangerous kidney diseases by Cal-cura Solvent  
show that you risk nothing in using this wonder-  
ful remedy. Dr. David Kennedy's latest medicine,  
Cal-cura Solvent's wonderful power to cure dis-  
eases of the kidneys and bladder is the happy re-  
sult of the efforts of that skilled physician and  
surgeon, Dr. David Kennedy, to make a medicine  
that would dissolve and expel from the system  
stones, gravel and uric acid. In this way Cal-cura  
Solvent not only cures the disease but also re-  
moves all the irritating causes. It is not a patent  
medicine; it is a prescription used by Dr. Ken-  
nedy in his large private practice with the great-  
est of success.

But we go further than that: we agree to pay  
for what Cal-cura Solvent you use if it does not  
cure you. You risk nothing in using this pure  
remedy. For we give you our word that the  
remedy will not cost you a cent unless it helps  
you. We know it will cure you, we could not  
afford to make this remarkable offer. All drug-  
gists, \$1.00.

THE CAL-CURA CO., Kingston, N. Y.

## COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

(OFFICIAL.)  
Chelsea, Mich., July 12, 1905.

Pursuant to the call of the president,  
board met in special session.  
Meeting called to order by the presi-  
dent.

Roll called by the clerk.  
Present—J. A. Palmer, president, and  
trustees Burkhardt, Knapp, Eppler, Colton,  
Vogel.—Sweetland.  
Minutes of previous meetings read and  
approved.

The following bills were then read by  
the clerk:

C. Hagadon, unloading 2 cars of  
coal.....\$ 5 40  
LeValley Carbon Brush Co, brushes 2 00  
Henry L. Walker & Co., supplies..... 21 29  
General Electric Co., repairs for arc  
lamps..... 23 63  
Ed Chandler, draying..... 2 90  
Wm. Bacon, taking assessment..... 75 00  
G. H. Foster & Co., making taps  
and supplies..... 63 73  
Standard Oil Co., 1 barrel cylinder  
oil..... 29 25  
Western Electric Co., carbons..... 8 55  
Thos Jackson, labor..... 6 30  
Central Electric Co., 13 meters..... 175 18  
The Goff Kirby Coal Co., 1 car coal 59 35  
Sterling & Co., boiler tubes..... 23 86  
Geo. A. BeGoie, 2 days on board of  
review..... 4 00  
James Taylor, 2 days on board of  
review..... 4 00  
G. C. Stimson, printing..... 1 68  
Sunday Creek Coal Co., 4 cars coal 103 72  
Chelsea Lumber & Produce Co.,  
labor and tile..... 12 65  
Jas. Walker & Son, hose..... 11 25  
Collins, Hahn & Dalziel, 1 car coal. 45 13  
A. E. Winans, express..... 9 30  
A. W. Wilkinson, premium on in-  
surance..... 22 50  
Frank C. Teal, supplies and wire..... 64 83  
W. T. Glaque, freight..... 55 68  
M. P. Boehm, ½ month's salary..... 37 50  
Roy Evans, ½ month's salary..... 22 50  
E. Bahnmiller, ½ month's salary..... 25 00  
Sam Trouton, ½ month's salary..... 25 00  
Howard Brooks, ½ month's salary..... 25 00  
John Kalmbach, ½ month's salary..... 10 00  
Geo. A. BeGoie, premiums on in-  
surance..... 24 75  
Elliott McCarter, labor..... 6 75  
Will Ryan, labor..... 4 12  
M. C. R. R., freight..... 245 42  
Moved by Vogel, seconded by Burk-  
hardt that the bills be allowed as read by  
the clerk and orders drawn on the treas-  
urer for their amounts. Carried.

The cross and sidewalk committee made  
the following report:

Your committee on side and crosswalks  
would respectfully report as follows:  
We recommend new walks as follows:  
O. C. Burkhardt, on Jefferson street, 8  
rods.

J. Messner, on Jefferson street, 4 rods.  
D. H. Fuller, on Jefferson street, 4 rods.  
A. N. Morton, on Jefferson street, 4  
rods.

Baptist church, on Orchard street, 8  
rods.

C. H. Kempf, on Orchard street, 6 rods.  
Mrs. A. Steger, on Orchard street 4  
rods.

Miller Sisters, on Summit street, 4 rods.  
T. E. Wood, on Summit street, 4 rods.  
Misses VanTye, on Main street, 6 rods.

J. G. Hoover, on Congdon street, 4 rods.  
G. J. Crowell, on Congdon street, 4 rods.  
J. George Wagner, (Chelsea House), on  
Main street, 33 feet.

Timothy McKune, to consider, on Main  
street.

John Kalmbach, on West Middle street,  
4 rods.

Miss Graham, on West Middle street, 4  
rods.

A. Guthrie, on West Middle street, 4  
rods.

Mrs. Tuttle, on West Middle street, 8  
rods.

J. L. Gilbert, on East Middle street, 4  
rods.

Walks to be taken up and filled ready  
for cement:

H. S. Holmes on Park street, 4 rods.  
S. A. Mapes, on Park street, 4 rods.

Mrs. Townsend, on East street, 4 rods.  
M. A. Lowry, on Jefferson street, 4 rods.  
H. I. Davis, on Jefferson street, 4 rods.

Mr. Spencer, on Orchard street, 4 rods.  
Dr. H. W. Schmidt, on East and Wash-  
ington streets, 12 rods.

Joseph Wellhoff, on Washington street,  
4 rods.

Morgan Emmett, on Washington street,  
4 rods.

Mrs. Bush, on Summit street, 4 rods.  
Philip Keusch, on VanBuren street, 4  
rods.

G. Bockres, on VanBuren street, 4 rods.  
Mrs. Schwicketh, on West Summit street,  
4 rods.

Mrs. Steger, on West Summit street, 4  
rods.

G. E. Monroe, on West Summit street,  
8 rods.

Dr. Holmes, on West Summit street, 8  
rods.

Mrs. Northrop, on West Summit street,  
4 rods.

B. Steinbach, on Middle street, 4 rods.  
L. Eisenman, on Middle street, 4 rods.

Miss Nellie Stocking, on East Middle  
and McKinley streets, 12 rods.

John Ross, on South street, 4 rods.  
Mrs. Ben Winans, on South street, 4  
rods.

Jos. Kolb, cross walk.

Mrs. Goodyear, on South street, 8 rods.  
Mr. McIntosh, on South street, 4 rods.

Emmett Paige, on South street, 4 rods.  
Ed. Weber, on Garfield street, 4 rods.  
Jas. Wade, on Garfield street, 4 rods.

Standard want ads bring results.

## John Greening, on Garfield street 4 rods.

The following walks to repair:  
Mrs. Hindelang on Orchard street.  
Fred Wedemeyer, on Orchard street.  
D. N. Rogers, on Summit street.  
Mrs. Buchanan, on Summit street.  
Catholic church, on Congdon street.  
Elmer Beach, on West Middle street.  
Town Hall, on West Middle street.  
F. P. Glazier, on West Middle street.  
Mrs. Buchanan, on Summit street.  
We estimate the cost to the village at  
about \$800.00.

A. EPPLER,  
J. D. COLTON,  
L. P. VOGEL,  
Committee.

Moved by Knapp, seconded by Burk-  
hardt that the report of the cross and side-  
walk committee be accepted as read.  
Carried.

Moved by Burkhardt, seconded by Knapp  
that the matter of the culvert on West  
Middle street be referred to the street com-  
mittee, with full power to act. Carried.

Moved by Vogel, seconded by Colton  
that the secretary be instructed to make a  
semi-annual report from March 15, 1905,  
to Aug. 15, 1905, of receipts and disburse-  
ments, also including total indebtedness of  
the village of Chelsea to Aug. 15, 1905.

Yeas—Colton, Vogel, J. A. Palmer,  
President. Nays—Burkhardt, Knapp.  
A. Eppler refused to vote.

On motion board adjourned.

J. A. PALMER, President.  
W. H. HESSELSCHWERT, Clerk.

## WEE GIRL A BANDIT.

LASS OF EIGHT YEARS A "HOLD-  
UP" IN LONDON.

Number of Child Criminals in Eng-  
lish Capital Is Increasing at  
Alarming Rate—Occur-  
rences of Daring.

London.—The number of child crim-  
inals is increasing in Birkenhead at an  
alarming rate. Last year no fewer  
than 74 children between the ages of  
seven and twelve were convicted by  
the local magistrate.

The precocity has mainly taken the  
form of burglary, but the more am-  
bitious among these soaring youths  
have dabbled in highway robbery.

Within the last few weeks a young  
quartet appeared in the dock to  
answer a charge tantamount to this  
offense. The leader of this gang of  
desperadoes was a little girl aged  
eight years. Her three associates  
were boys, aged respectively seven,  
eight and eleven.

They selected for their prey a six-  
year-old boy, who was passing along the  
street jingling in his hands some money  
with which he had been sent to make  
a purchase for his mother.

"Here's a boy with money! Come  
on!" exclaimed the leader of the band,  
and her gallant comrades, promptly re-  
sponding to her call, "held up" the  
youth, took his money, and fled to a  
sheltered spot to divide the booty.

On another occasion two seven-year-  
old burglars were placed in the dock for  
housebreaking, but as their heads did  
not reach the dock rail the magistrate  
sent them home without hearing the  
charges.

A clever young swindler, eventually  
arrested by the Birkenhead police, was a  
little girl who went from shop to shop  
presenting a penny for a small pur-  
chase and demanding 11d in change.

Frequent complaints have also been  
made about pickpockets in the Birken-  
head market, and these offenses have  
also been brought home to young chil-  
dren.

## INSURANCE FRAUD.

The most amusing insurance fraud on  
record is one of the oldest. It dates  
back to 1730 and thereabouts, when it  
was worked three times by a young  
woman with an extraordinary power  
of simulating death, and an elderly  
man who passed for her uncle. Twice,  
in different parts of England, she in-  
sured her life in her uncle's favor, went  
into convulsions and, to all appearances,  
died. The third time the game was  
played with an ingenious variation. The  
uncle went to a life insurance company,  
explained that he was in financial straits  
and wished to borrow money on his  
niece's estate. To compensate for such  
a loan he would have to insure her life  
for its value, but could not afford to  
have this insurance become known, as it  
would expose his financial condition  
and ruin his credit. The company  
therefore, agreed to write the insurance  
under a bond of secrecy. As usual, the  
young woman went into convulsions  
and died. Before her funeral she lay in  
state for all the world to see. Her  
uncle was prostrated. He did not try  
to collect the insurance for some  
months, and when he did, the company  
paid him in full, with expressions of  
real sympathy. So did nine other com-  
panies which he had silenced by the same  
ruse, and he joined his niece on the  
continent with a very impressive  
fortune.—Leslie's Monthly.

## A Surprise Party.

A pleasant surprise party may be giv-  
en to your stomach and liver, by taking  
a medicine which will relieve their pain  
and discomfort. viz: Dr. King's New  
Life Pills. They are a most wonderful  
remedy, affording sure relief and cure  
for headache, dizziness and constipation.  
25c at Bank Drug Store.

"I suffered for months from sore  
throat. Eclectic Oil cured me in  
twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawes-  
ville, Ky.

Where are you sick? Headache,  
foul-tongue, no appetite, lack energy,  
pain in your stomach, constipation.  
Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will  
make you well and k-e-p you well. 35  
cents. Bank Drug Store.

Standard want ads bring results.

## NEARBY NEIGHBORS

NEW SCHOOL HOUSE.  
The corner stone of the new Clinton  
school house was laid Wednesday of last  
week.

AFTER COAL.  
Parties are leasing land near Whit-  
taker and will spend some money pros-  
pecting for coal.

COUNTY PICNIC.  
The Macabees of the county will  
hold their annual picnic at Jonesville  
July 27.—Hilledale Leader.

CARNIVAL WEEK.  
The Jackson Elks will have a carnival  
and Pains fire works, the fall of Port  
Arthur, the week of July 24-29.

NEW BUILDING.  
Postmaster Pray of Whitmore Lake is  
erecting a new building 20x20 that will  
be used by him for the postoffice.

SCHOOL EXPENSES.  
The school board of Manchester esti-  
mate that it will cost \$6,852.90 to run  
the school in that town the coming year.

EPWORTH LEAGUE CONVENTION.  
The Epworth League of the Ann  
Arbor district will meet at the M. E.  
church in Ann Arbor August 29-30 for a  
convention.

NEXT ANNUAL MEETING.  
The Lenawee Baptist Association will  
hold its annual meeting of 1906, with  
the Baptist church at Weston, June 1, a  
church organized in 1838.

ADOPTS NEW SYSTEM.  
The managers of the public library at  
Tecumseh has adopted what is termed  
the open shelf system and will give it a  
trial for the next three months.

RESIGNED POSITION.  
Rev. Blanche Young who has been  
the pastor of the Universalist church for  
the past two years has resigned her  
position.—Manchester Enterprise.

SCHOOL CENSUS TAKEN.  
The school census for 1904 and 1905,  
just taken, shows that there are 32,099  
school children in Ann Arbor. This is  
an increase of 23 over the previous year.

STARTS UP AGAIN.  
The Salvation Army have re-established  
headquarters in this city, having  
taken the rooms formerly occupied by  
the Volunteers, and are canvassing the  
city.—Ypsilanti.

NEW PIPE ORGAN.  
The Congregationalists of Ypsilanti  
have placed an order for a new pipe  
organ that will cost the society \$2000  
and expect to have it installed about  
the 1st of September.

GOES TO YPSILANTI.  
The old pipe organ which was recent-  
ly removed from St. Thomas Catholic  
church of Ann Arbor has been taken to  
Ypsilanti and will be placed in St.  
John's Catholic church.

LOST THEIR CASE.  
Several residents of Manchester it is  
reported, were stockholders in the  
People's United States Bank that recent-  
ly failed in St. Louis, Mo. after doing  
business for four months.

VISITS EUROPE.  
Samuel Post of Ypsilanti, has invited  
Rev. Wm. Grandam of the same city to  
accompany him as his guest for a visit  
to Europe. They expect to sail from  
New York about July 20.

FISH FOR THE MARKETS.  
Thorn's lake, west of town, has been  
leased and stocked with german carp.  
In a few years the proprietor expects to  
begin shipping carp to New York and  
eastern cities.—Manchester Enterprise.

PASSED AWAY.  
Mrs. James Hannon, practically all  
of whose life has been passed in the